

**NOTICE OF A SPECIAL SESSION
OF THE CITY COUNCIL MEETING
August 30, 2023, at 6:00 PM**

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the Vineyard City Council will hold a special session of the City Council on Wednesday, August 30, 2023, at 6:00 p.m., in the City Council Chambers at City Hall, 125 South Main Street, Vineyard, Utah. This meeting can also be viewed on our [live stream page](#).

AGENDA

Presiding Mayor Julie Fullmer

1. CALL TO ORDER/INVOCATION/INSPIRATIONAL THOUGHT/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE – *to be announced*.

2. WORK SESSION

2.1 Transportation Master Plan

Ryan Hales and Josh Gibbons with Hales Engineering will present an update to the Transportation Master Plan.

3. PUBLIC COMMENTS

(15 minutes)

“**Public Comments**” is defined as time set aside for citizens to express their views for items not on the agenda. Each speaker is limited to three minutes. Because of the need for proper public notice, immediate action **cannot** be taken in the Council Meeting. If action is necessary, the item will be listed on a future agenda, however, the Council may elect to discuss the item if it is an immediate matter of concern.

Public comments can be submitted ahead of time to pams@vineyardutah.org.

4. MAYOR AND COUNCILMEMBERS’ REPORTS/DISCLOSURES/RECUSALS

5. STAFF, COMMISSION, AND COMMITTEE REPORTS

(3 minutes each)

5.1 City Manager Ezra Nair

6. CONSENT ITEMS

6.1 [Approval of the August 9, 2023, City Council Meeting Minutes](#)

6.2 [Approval of TSSD Reorganization to TSD \(Resolution 2023-39\)](#)

6.3 [Approval a Task Order for CRSA to Complete a Fire Station Cost Analysis](#)

6.4 [Approval of Municipal Code amendment to Section 2.14.080 Campaign Signs \(Ordinance 2023-28\)](#)

7. APPOINTMENTS

7.1 ARCH COMMISSION

With the advice and consent of the City Council, Mayor Fullmer will appoint Jarom Sidwell and Elizabeth Shelley to the ARCH Commission

8. PRESENTATIONS/RECOGNITIONS/AWARDS/PROCLAMATIONS

8.1 PROCLAMATION

Constitution week

9. BUSINESS ITEMS

9.1 PUBLIC HEARING – Zoning Code Text Amendments (Ordinance 2023-27)

Planner Cache Hancey will present proposed Zoning Code text amendments to the VZC Section 15.12.060-Dimensional Standards Table to increase the maximum building height in the RMU District. The mayor and City Council will act to adopt (or deny) this request by ordinance.

9.2 DISCUSSION AND ACTION – Sign Code Amendments – (Ordinance 2023-17)

Planner Cache Hancey will present a Zoning Text Amendment to amend Section 15.23.120 Signs. The mayor and City Council will act to adopt (or deny) this request by Ordinance. *(A public hearing was held on this item during the April 26, 2023 City Council meeting and then continued to a future meeting.)*

9.3 DISCUSSION AND ACTION – Water Tank Mural Approval

Special Events Manager Anna Nelson will present the recommendation from the ARCH Commission for the water tank mural design. The mayor and City Council will take appropriate action.

10. CLOSED SESSION

The Mayor and City Council pursuant to Utah Code 52-4-205 may vote to go into a closed session for the purpose of (these are just a few of the items listed, see Utah Code 52-4-205 for the entire list):

- (a) discussion of the character, professional competence, or physical or mental health of an individual
- (b) strategy sessions to discuss collective bargaining
- (c) strategy sessions to discuss pending or reasonably imminent litigation
- (d) strategy sessions to discuss the purchase, exchange, or lease of real property, including any form of a water right or water shares
- (e) strategy sessions to discuss the sale of real property, including any form of a water right or water shares
- (f) discussion regarding deployment of security personnel, devices, or systems;
- (g) the purpose of considering information that is designated as a trade secret, as defined in Section [13-24-2](#), if the public body's consideration of the information is necessary in order to properly conduct a procurement under [Title 63G, Chapter 6a, Utah Procurement Code](#);

11. ADJOURNMENT

The next meeting is on Wednesday, September 13, 2023.

This meeting may be held in a way that will allow a councilmember to participate electronically.

The Public is invited to participate in all City Council meetings. In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act, individuals needing special accommodations during this meeting should notify the City Recorder at least 24 hours prior to the meeting by calling (801) 226-1929.

I the undersigned duly appointed Recorder for Vineyard, hereby certify that the foregoing notice and agenda was emailed to the Salt Lake Tribune, posted at the Vineyard City Offices, the Vineyard website, the Utah Public Notice website, and delivered electronically to city staff and to each member of the Governing Body.

AGENDA NOTICING COMPLETED ON: August 29, 2023

CERTIFIED (NOTICED) BY: /s/ Pamela Spencer
PAMELA SPENCER, CITY RECORDER

**MINUTES OF A REGULAR
CITY COUNCIL MEETING**

City Council Chambers
125 South Main Street, Vineyard, Utah
August 9, 2023, at 6:00 PM

Present

Mayor Julie Fullmer
Councilmember Tyce Flake
Councilmember Amber Rasmussen
Councilmember Mardi Sifuentes
Councilmember Cristy Welsh

Absent

Staff Present: City Manager Ezra Nair, City Attorney Jayme Blakesley, Lieutenant Holden Rockwell with the Utah County Sheriff's Office, Chief Building Official Cris Johnson, Finance Director David Mortensen, Community Development Director Morgan Brim, Planners Cache Hancey and Anthony Fletcher, Public Works Director Naseem Ghandour, Admin Intern Bradley Day, Environmental Utilities Manager Sullivan Love, City Recorder Pamela Spencer

Others speaking: Matti Bybee with Hazel Avenue Boutique, Residents Jordan Christensen, and Eileen Erickson; Fire Chief Mark Sanderson and Assistant Fire Chief Shaun Hirst with the Orem Fire Department; David Robertson with Lewis Robertson and Burningham; Karla Mata with X Development

1. CALL TO ORDER/INVOCATION/INSPIRATIONAL THOUGHT/PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

 Mayor Fullmer opened the meeting at 6:00 PM. Councilmember Sifuentes gave the invocation and led the Pledge of Allegiance.

2. WORK SESSION

No items were submitted.

3. PUBLIC COMMENTS

 Mayor Fullmer called for public comment.

 Matti Bybee with Hazel Avenue Boutique mentioned that she would like to start doing farmers markets and partner with Vineyard to put on some amazing events for the community.

 Jordan Christensen, living in The Preserve subdivision, expressed concerns with parking at The Yard development, pedestrian crossings and bicycle safety.

 Mayor Fullmer called for additional comments. Hearing none, she closed the public comment session.

4. MAYOR AND COUNCILMEMBERS' REPORTS/DISCLOSURES/RECUSALS

 Mayor Fullmer thanked Fire Chief Mark Sanderson and Assistant Fire Chief Saun Hirst with the Orem Fire Department for being there tonight. Chief Sanderson stated that he wanted the residents to recognize the efforts made by the fire department and the city in making the right decision for the location of a fire station in Vineyard.

 Councilmember Rasmussen reported on the success of the community gardens and asked people not to take produce from them if they were not theirs. She mentioned that there was a community stand for sharing produce.

 Councilmember Sifuentes reported that there was a library drop box for residents to return library books. She mentioned that there would be a concert and drone show on September 11th. Mayor Fullmer noted that there would also be speakers in observance of Constitution Month. Councilmember Sifuentes reported that fall soccer would be starting soon. She also reported on the Alpine School District's board meeting regarding a proposed tax increase.

 Councilmember Welsh reported that the Youth Council would host a "Drive-in" movie and a recruitment night for youth ages 12 to 18 on August 14. She mentioned they would formalize the Youth Council to provide mentorship and leadership training for future leaders through civic engagement. Mayor Fullmer reviewed some opportunities the Youth Council could take advantage of.

5. STAFF, COMMISSION, AND COMMITTEE REPORTS

5.1  City Manager Ezra Nair reported that the city had signed a contract for a sail shade study and design with installation scheduled for next year. He said that there would be nightly road closures for construction on Main Street and Vineyard Connector (800 North), that Timpanogos Special Service District (TSSD) would be reorganizing into an independent organization, and that speed limit changes would take effect next Tuesday. There was a discussion about the timing of the speed limit changes.

5.2  City Recorder Pamela Spencer reported that the candidate filing period had started and would run until Tuesday. She also noted that there would be a candidate orientation on August 17.

5.3  Economic Development Director Morgan Brim reported that the Planning Commission had reviewed the Zoning Text amendment for hotel parking in the RMU Building District. A discussion ensued.

6. CONSENT ITEMS

6.1 Approval of the July 26, 2023, City Council Meeting Minutes

6.2 Approval of a Bid Award for an Economic Development Consultant (Resolution 2023-38)

6.3 Approval of a Staffing Plan Adjustment - Public Works Tech

6.4 Approval of a Special Event Permit Fee Waiver for a vendor show hosted by Mattisyn Bybee

 Mayor Fullmer called for a motion. Councilmember Rasmussen requested that 6.4 be removed for discussion.

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER RASMUSSEN MOVED TO APPROVE CONSENT ITEMS 6.1, 6.2, AND 6.3. COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE SECONDED THE MOTION. ROLL CALL WENT AS FOLLOWS: MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

 6.4 Approval of a Special Event Permit Fee Waiver for a vendor show hosted by Mattisyn Bybee

 Councilmember Rasmussen stated that she wanted to see a farmers' market and requested that they waive all the fees. A discussion ensued.

 Ms. Bybee explained how the event would run and that she would like to see more farmers' market events. There was a discussion about the cost for the event and the rental fees.

 Mayor Fullmer called for additional comments or a motion.

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER RASMUSSEN MOVED TO APPROVE ITEM 6.4 WITH FULL FEE WAIVER. COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE SECONDED THE MOTION. MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

7. APPOINTMENTS

7.1 With the advice and consent of the City Council, Mayor Fullmer will appoint Bradley Fagg to the Vineyard Art, Recreation and Parks, Cultural, and Heritage (ARCH) Commission.

 Mayor Fullmer reviewed the appointment and then called for a motion.

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER SIFUENTES MOVED TO APPROVE THE APPOINTMENT AS PRESENTED. COUNCILMEMBER RASMUSSEN SECONDED THE MOTION. MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

8. PRESENTATIONS/RECOGNITIONS/AWARDS/PROCLAMATIONS

8.1 Update on Water and Sewer Bond Issuance

David Robertson with Lewis Robertson and Burningham (LRB) will present an update on the water and sewer bonds.

 Mayor Fullmer turned the time over to David Robinson with Lewis Robertson and Burningham (LRB).

 Mr. Roberson reviewed the bond process and explained that they would close on the bonds next week.

9. BUSINESS ITEMS

9.1 PUBLIC HEARING – Consolidated Fee Schedule (Resolution 2023-37)

Admin Intern Bradley Day will present recommended amendments to the Consolidated Fee Schedule. The mayor and City Council will act to adopt (or deny) this request by resolution.

 Mayor Fullmer called for a motion to open the public hearing

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE MOVED TO OPEN THE PUBLIC HEARING AT 6:33 PM. COUNCILMEMBER RASMUSSEN SECONDED THE MOTION. MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

 Mr. Day reviewed the recommended Consolidation Fee Schedule amendments. There was a discussion about the rental fees for pavilions and fields and having a written policy that would prevent ambiguity regarding refunding. For instance, notice would be required 48 hours before the day of reservation to receive a full refund.

 Mayor Fullmer called for public comment. Hearing none, she called for a motion to close the public hearing.

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE MOVED TO CLOSE THE PUBLIC HEARING AT 6:42 PM. COUNCILMEMBER WELSH SECONDED THE MOTION. MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

 Mayor Fullmer called for comments from the council.

 Councilmembers Rasmussen and Welsh requested that they add clarifying language for rental fees.

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER WELSH MOVED TO ADOPT RESOLUTION 2023-37 AS PRESENTED WITH CHANGES MENTIONED PREVIOUSLY. COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE SECONDED THE MOTION.

CITY ATTORNEY JAYME BLAKESLEY CLARIFIED THE CONDITIONS IN THE MOTION: THE CITY MANAGER OR HIS DESIGNEE ESTABLISH A POLICY FOR DETERMINING WHEN TO REDUCE FEES AND WHAT TO CHARGE.

ROLL CALL WENT AS FOLLOWS: MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

9.2 DISCUSSION AND ACTION – Purchase Approval for a Parking Master Plan Task Order

Planner Cache Hancey will present two recommendations for approval of a Parking Master Plan Consultant. The mayor and City Council will take appropriate action.

 Mayor Fullmer turned the time over to Planner Cache Hancey.

196  Mr. Hancey reviewed the planning services contract task order for the Parking Master Plan.

197
198  There was a discussion about the Parking Master Plan process.

199
200  Resident Eileen Erickson, living in the Sleepy Ridge subdivision, asked about the
201 community open house. Mr. Hancey reviewed the public process.

202
203  There was a discussion about the two options and the timelines.

204
205  **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE MOVED TO TAKE THE \$96,460 FROM THE
206 FISCAL YEAR 2023 BUDGET AND THE \$71,000 FROM THE FISCAL YEAR 2024
207 BUDGET AND START THE STUDY (OPTION 1) AND AUTHORIZE CITY MANAGER TO
208 INITIATE THE TASK ORDER. COUNCILMEMBER WELSH SECONDED THE MOTION.
209 MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND
210 WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

211
212 **9.3 DISCUSSION AND ACTION – Zoning Text Amendment (Ordinance 2023-26)**

213 *(This item was postponed from the June 26, 2023 City Council meeting.)*

214 Planner Cache Hancey will present a proposed Zoning Code amendment to the VZC
215 Section 15.38.030 Parking Requirements to modify the off-street parking requirements
216 for hotels or motels. The mayor and City Council will act to adopt (or deny) this request
217 by ordinance. *(A public hearing was held on the item during the June 26, 2023 City*
218 *Council meeting.)*

219
220  Mayor Fullmer turned the time over to Planner Cache Hancey.

221
222  Mr. Hancey reviewed the Zoning Code changes made to the amended ordinance since the
223 last meeting.

224
225  There was a discussion about the code amendment.

226
227  Mr. Blakesley recommended wording changes to the text amendment. A discussion ensued
228 about the wording: “A parking reduction of not greater than 5% may be approved by the
229 Community Development Director upon receiving a parking study, completed by a qualified
230 professional with demonstrated experience in conducting parking studies (a “parking expert”)
231 that, in the opinion of the Community Development Director, demonstrates a parking reduction
232 is justified. A parking reduction of greater than 5% may be approved by the Planning
233 Commission on the same basis.” The discussion continued.

234
235  Karla Mata with X Development expressed her concerns about limiting it to five (5) percent.
236 Mayor Fullmer recommended changing the number to 10% for city-wide hotel parking,
237 excluding downtown. The discussion continued.

238
239  Mayor Fullmer called for additional comments or a motion.

240
241  Councilmember Sifuentes liked the recommended changes.

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE MOVED TO APPROVE ORDINANCE 2023-26 MODIFYING OFF-STREET PARKING REQUIREMENTS FOR HOTELS AND MOTELS CITY-WIDE, WITH THE LANGUAGE PROPOSED BY LEGAL COUNSEL.

“A PARKING REDUCTION OF NOT GREATER THAN 10% MAY BE APPROVED BY THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR UPON RECEIVING A PARKING STUDY, COMPLETED BY A QUALIFIED PROFESSIONAL WITH DEMONSTRATED EXPERIENCE IN CONDUCTING PARKING STUDIES (A “PARKING EXPERT”) THAT, IN THE OPINION OF THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DIRECTOR, DEMONSTRATES A PARKING REDUCTION IS JUSTIFIED. A PARKING REDUCTION OF GREATER THAN 10% MAY BE APPROVED BY THE PLANNING COMMISSION ON THE SAME BASIS.”

COUNCILMEMBER SIFUNETES SECONDED THE MOTION. ROLL CALL WENT AS FOLLOWS: MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

10. CLOSED SESSION

No closed session was held.

11. ADJOURNMENT

 Mayor Fullmer called for a motion to adjourn the meeting.

 **Motion:** COUNCILMEMBER FLAKE MOVED TO ADJOURN THE MEETIN AT 7:33 PM. COUNCILMEMBER RASMUSSEN SECONDED THE MOTION. MAYOR FULLMER, COUNCILMEMBERS FLAKE, RASMUSSEN, SIFUENTES, AND WELSH VOTED YES. THE MOTION CARRIED UNANIMOUSLY.

MINUTES APPROVED ON: _____

CERTIFIED CORRECT BY: /s/Pamela Spencer
PAMELA SPENCER, CITY RECORDER



VINEYARD CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT

Meeting Date: August 30, 2023

Agenda Item: 6.2 Timpanogos Special Service District reorganization to Timpanogos Service District

Department: City Manager

Presenter: Ezra Nair

Background/Discussion:

Timpanogos Special Service District (TSSD), the main sewer provider in Vineyard, is reorganizing. Currently, TSSD is organized as a special service district under the county. Vineyard currently does not have a dedicated seat on this board, but Sullivan has been appointed by the county as an at large seat to represent the interests of Vineyard. This reorganization would create the Timpanogos Service District which would operate independently of the County. Vineyard would gain a designated board seat through the county since Vineyard's boundaries do not lie entirely within the district.

Fiscal Impact:

Negligible

Recommendation & Additional Options:

Recommendation:

Staff recommends the City Council approve the Resolution for Reorganization from TSSD to TSD.

Sample Motion:

I move to approve resolution as presented.

Attachments:

Resolution 2023-39

RESOLUTION 2023-39

A RESOLUTION OF THE VINEYARD CITY COUNCIL CONSENTING TO REORGANIZATION OF THE TIMPANOGOS SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT AS A SPECIAL DISTRICT

RECITALS

A. On September 29, 1976, the County Commission of Utah County (the “Commission”) established a special service district known as the Timpanogos Special Service District (“TSSD”) for the provision of wastewater collection and treatment services in the northern portions of Utah County, including the cities of Alpine, American Fork, Lehi and Pleasant Grove (the “Original Cities”) and nearby unincorporated areas of Utah County.

B. After the organization of TSSD, large portions of the original unincorporated area of TSSD have been either annexed into the Original Cities or have become incorporated within the boundaries of newly organized municipalities, namely Cedar Hills, Eagle Mountain, Highland and Saratoga Springs.

C. Some of the communities within the boundaries of TSSD receive only a portion of their wastewater collection and treatment from TSSD; said communities are Draper City (a small portion of the Suncrest development), Eagle Mountain (the portion of the city that lies roughly on the east slope of Lake Mountain) and Vineyard (most of the city’s wastewater needs are provided by TSSD but a portion of its wastewater is conveyed to and treated by Orem City);

D. At the time TSSD was created, the Commission established an Administrative Control Board (the “ACB”) to govern and manage the operations of TSSD.

E. At the present time the ACB is composed of thirteen board members who are appointed as follows:

(1) a total of nine city-appointed members, with one each from Alpine, American Fork, Cedar Hills, Draper (the general manager of the South Valley Sewer District), Eagle Mountain, Highland, Lehi, Pleasant Grove, and Saratoga Springs¹; and

(2) four who are at-large appointees of the Commission.²

F. By resolutions adopted by the County, the authority for the day-to day-and long-range operations of TSSD, has been delegated to the ACB, including without limitation hiring and retention of employees, acquisition of real and personal property, construction of facilities for

¹ The board members from these cities are appointed by the governing body of each city.

² One of the four at-large appointees has generally been an individual to represent Vineyard City.

conveyance and treatment of wastewater, setting of rates for service, financing/bonding authority, etc.³

G. The law of the State of Utah provides a process under which a special service district, which is subject to the governance of and oversight by the County, may be reorganized and become an independent “service district” (see U.C.A. §17D-1-604, the “Reorganization Statute”).

H. The County has advised the City of the County’s determination that it will be in the best interests of the County and in the best interests of the cities for TSSD to become fully independent from the County and to be reorganized as a special district, governed by the provisions of Title 17B of the Utah Code. The ACB agrees with the County’s determination that it is in the best interests of the cities and their residents for TSSD to become fully independent as a service district.

I. In order for TSSD to be reorganized to become a special district, each city within TSSD must consent to the reorganization.

J. The City of Vineyard has determined that it is in the best interests of the City, its residents and property owners that TSSD be reorganized as a fully independent special district as provided by law, and by this resolution the City desires to memorialize and give its consent to the same.

RESOLUTION

NOW, THEREFORE, it is resolved by the City Council of Vineyard City as follows:

1. The Recitals set forth above are incorporated within this Resolution as though fully set forth herein.
2. Vineyard City hereby expressly consents to the reorganization of TSSD as a fully independent special district under Title 17B of the Utah Code, and requests that the Utah County Commission take all such actions as are required to do so.
3. The reorganization of TSSD as a special district under Section 17D-1-604 shall be made under substantially the following terms:
 - a. The name of TSSD will be the Timpanogos Service District (TSD).
 - b. The current boundaries of TSD will remain the same as TSSD.
 - c. TSD shall be designated and operated as an “Improvement District” as provided by U.C.A. §17B-2a-401, *et seq.*

³ There are areas where the Commission has not delegated authority such as, for example, the authority to levy and collect real property taxes.

d. The services authorized to be provided by TSD, namely wastewater collection and treatment, will remain the same, but may also include reuse of wastewater and other water and resource conservation by the utilization of means allowed by law.

e. The governing board of trustees of TSD shall initially be composed of nine (9) voting members and two (2) *ex-officio* non-voting members as follows:

i. The governing body of each city whose boundaries lie entirely within the boundaries of TSD shall appoint one member of the board of trustees; said cities are to include Alpine, American Fork, Cedar Hills, Highland, Lehi, Pleasant Grove, and Saratoga Springs;

ii. The Commission shall appoint two voting members to the board of trustees, nominated by the governing body of two cities whose boundaries do not lie entirely within the boundaries of TSD, namely Eagle Mountain and Vineyard;

iii. The nine voting members of the board of trustees shall serve for a term of four years, provided however that four members of the initial board, selected by lot, are to be appointed to a two (2) year term so that the term of approximately one-half of the board expires every two (2) years;

iv. There shall be no limitation on the re-appointment of a voting member of the board of trustees;

v. Each voting member of the board of trustees shall meet the registered voter and residence requirements of U.C.A. §17B-1-302(1);

vi. The Commission shall appoint two (2) non-voting *ex-officio* members of the board as follows:

A. The current Director of the Utah County Department of Public Works or a designee from the Utah County Department of Public Works with knowledge and experience in wastewater treatment;

B. Representing the portion of the Suncrest development in Draper City that lies within the boundaries of TSD, an executive of the South Valley Sewer District ("SVSD") nominated by the SVSD board of trustees; said executive shall be either the SVSD General Manager, its Chief Financial Officer, or the Facility Manager of the Jordan Basin Water Reclamation Facility;

C. There shall be no limitation of time for service on the board by the above-described non-voting *ex-officio* members; the only limitation being that throughout a term, any such individual shall hold the position with Utah County or SVSD as designated in subsections 1 and 2, above.

4. This Resolution shall take effect immediately upon its passage.
5. If any section, part, or provision of this Resolution is held invalid or unenforceable, such invalidity or unenforceability shall not affect any other portion of this Resolution, and all sections, parts and provisions of this Resolution shall be severable.
6. In the event of any conflict between this Resolution and any other enactment of the City, this Resolution shall control.

PASSED AND APPROVED this 23 day of August 2023.

THE CITY OF VINEYARD, UTAH

By: _____
Its: Mayor

ATTEST:

City Recorder

Seal:



VINEYARD CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT

Meeting Date: August 30, 2023

Agenda Item: 6.3 Fire Station Design Options Task Order

Department: City Manager

Presenter: Ezra Nair

Background/Discussion:

The city has contracted with CRSA Architects to provide analysis and preparation work for our fire station. With site analysis and initial feasibility/cost analysis done for each of the sites, we're moving forward with in-depth cost analysis for the top proposals. This task order will study the Sprung Structure at sites 1 and 2 and the cost of reconfiguring the public works building to a fire station and relocating public works staff and operations. This will provide us initial site designs and layouts.

Once this analysis is complete, we can begin full design and construction based on the preferred alternative.

Fiscal Impact:

~\$35,000

Recommendation:

Recommendation:

Staff recommends the City Council approve the task order providing in-depth cost analysis for proposed options for the fire station.

Sample Motion:

I move to authorize the city manager to execute the task order with CRSA architects for site design and cost estimates for sites 1 and 2.

Proposal for Professional Design Services

Task Order #2: Vineyard Fire Station Study & Public Works Programming Rev. 2

EXHIBIT A - SCOPE

SECTION 1 INTRODUCTION

1.0 PROJECT OVERVIEW & UNDERSTANDING

Introduction:

Thank you for the opportunity to provide a proposal for programming and cost estimating services for the Vineyard Fire Station analysis and Public Works building reconfiguration. We understand that Vineyard City (Owner/Client) would like to explore the opportunity of reconfiguring the existing pre-manufactured metal Public Works building into a Fire Station and creating an Operations Center for the Public Works facility with a prefabricated, high-performance, tensioned membrane Sprung™ Structure on the same site. The programming documents will include the following: an analysis of the Public Works Building and Site for circulation and existing building conditions; a plan that outlines opportunities for building expansion and re-use; and a detailed comparative cost analysis. (Supplemental information for the Sprung Structure is provided in Exhibit E).

Additionally, we understand that a Fire Station in Vineyard is required to satisfy agreements with the Orem City Fire Department. The programming documents will include an analysis of the "City Hall" & "Public Works" sites for potential locations of this fire station. CRSA will analyze the potential for adaptive re-use of the existing Public Works facility to house the functional uses of a new Fire Station. Documentation will include: a program and preliminary facility layout; cost estimates; and a preliminary timeline for overall construction documentation and construction administration. This effort will be led by Paul Kenney & Laura Smith of CRSA. They will be accompanied by Construction Control Corporation to provide current market cost data.

The CRSA team is composed of the following (or following proposed) consultants:

PROJECT TEAM		
<i>Role</i>	<i>Company</i>	<i>Task Order</i>
Architect of Record	CRSA	Task Order 02 – Rev 2
Project Manager	CRSA	Task Order 02 – Rev 2
Federal Funding Specialist	CRSA	Task Order 02 – Rev 2
CRSA Consultants		
Cost Estimator	CCC	Task Order 02 – Rev 2



Project Program:

A. User Program

The fire station program is based on feedback provided by the Orem Fire Department in the initial task order. Based on this information the program was deemed to be approximately 10,800 SF. This program consisted of the following:

- Approx. 6,000 SF of Apparatus Bays & Engine Support
- Approx. 1,800 SF of Administration
- Approx. 3,000 SF of Day Use & Sleeping Areas

The Public Works Facility program is still to be determined in detail. The overall program square footage is assumed to be 10,000 SF. This includes:

- Approx. 3,600 SF of large-vehicular bay space
- Approx. 6,400 SF of administrative and support spaces, including office space

A variation of these programs is proposed to be housed within a Sprung™ Structure facility which will be provided by a separate party. This study will explore the re-use of existing peer public works facilities and previously analyzed sites. Engineered drawings for the Sprung™ Structure would be included in subsequent task orders for final AHJ submission and permitting.

Summary:

If accepted, this scope and schedule of fees will become a part of a professional service agreement between the Client and CRSA, Inc. (CRSA), including:

Part A: Scope

Part B: Schedule

Part C: Fee Proposal

Part D: Limit of Work & Assumptions

Part E: Consultant Proposals

2.0 DEFINITIONS

Additional Services are professional Services rendered other than the base Services including, but not limited to, extra submittals and instruments of Service and meetings and presentations.

Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ)

- 1) Design Services: Are those authorities that have control over permitting an Architectural Design, Landscape Design, or Engineering Design

- 2) **Planning Services:** Are those authorities, including Planning Director (or similar position), Planning Commission, or City Council that have control over permitting a proposed project by a 3rd Party Owner within a Client's Municipal Limits

The terms **Owner** & **Client** are defined in the Overview.

The term **Concept Design** means a general idea or understanding of the potential of a structure, building, or landscape given its opportunities and constraints. Concepts are conveyed in narratives, diagrams, and renderings to show sources of inspiration, physical and social connections and define goals and value propositions.

Design Sketch (DSK) is a sketch issued to clarify the Work often accompanying a RFI response.

Design Process is the logical execution of Professional Design Services beginning with Pre-Design (where selected) and continuing through Schematic Design, Design Development, Construction Documents (collectively Design Services), Bidding, through to Project Closeout.

- 1) The Term **Pre-Design** means the information gathering phase and development of a Concept Design that will be the foundation for the design phases to follow. The main goal during this phase is to learn everything possible about the project and develop a program, which describes all components for the project, their approximate sizes and any specific qualities or unique features. Also fundamental to the Pre-Design phase is the observation and documentation of the existing conditions at the project site. This may entail a survey of the land to determine existing grading, underground utility locations, property delineations, and/or measurements of existing structures and site features.

The term **Limits of Work (LOW)** means the boundary of the Professional Services and limits of Contract Work.

- LLOW means the Landscape Limit of Work which may be different than the overall Limits of Work.
- PLOW means the geographic area within which planning services will be provided to the Client or Owner

Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) certification is an environmental sustainability rating system for building created and operated by the United States Green Building Institute.

The **term General Conditions of the Contract for Construction** means a document with general conditions articles that are a part of the contract for construction between the Client and the General Contractor. These articles define responsibilities, time, payments and completion, insurance, and bond requirements.

The **term General Contractor (GC)** is the person or entity identified as such in the contract for construction and is responsible for performing the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents.

The term **Inspect** means to examine carefully and critically, especially for defects. This term is usually associated with a site visit to determine if the Work is substantially complete.

The **term Notice to Proceed (NTP)** is the written indication by the Client to CRSA to act and provide Services. The date of commencement is established by the notice to proceed.

The term **Observe** means perceive, notice, see and associate through periodic site visits to Observe Contract Work.

Planning Process is the logical execution of Professional Planning Services that are described in Section 2 of Exhibit A, Scope of Services.

The term **Professional Services (Design and/or Planning)** means the Basic Professional Services, or the components of the Process, and any Supplemental or Additional Services delivered by CRSA.

Supplemental Services means those Services known at the time that the project is scoped and proposed but are not a part of the Base Services or Fees. These Services may be authorized after the base Services begin as a Modification to the Professional Services Contract.

The term **Work** means the construction and services required by the Construction Documents to be fulfilled by the GC.

3.0 MEETINGS

- Owner and design team weekly/monthly Project Meetings are to be held primarily by video conferencing, except where otherwise noted.
- Owner meetings held in CRSA's Salt Lake City office are considered as local meetings (no additional travel required), except where noted otherwise.
- Meetings held in Client's/Owners office within Salt Lake County are considered as local meetings (no additional travel required), except as otherwise noted.
- Meetings held on the project site, unless within Salt Lake County will require travel labor and travel expense. The quantity, if applicable, is noted and included in the CRSA fee proposal. Additional visits may be negotiated.

SECTION 2 PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

1.0 DESIGN SERVICES

Programming

Throughout the programming phase CRSA will work with the client to solidify a building program and describe the project three-dimensionally. We will provide (2) site design options for the "City Hall" site. Additionally, CRSA will provide (4) final site design options for the public works site which depict re-use of the existing public works facility, and potential locations for the Sprung facilities. A floor plan within the confines of the Sprung™ Structure and a re-use plan for existing public works facility, a diagrammatic flow of vehicular and pedestrian traffic, preliminary site layouts, and (3) renderings will be produced as a part of this process.

01: Scope

Upon receipt of Client's written NTP, CRSA will begin designing a layout and engage Sprung for the overall design and layout of the program and facility.

- Administer the Programming Process and manage all project subconsultants.
 - Architectural Plan & program layout
 - This will include an opportunity showing a phased building approach.
 - Exterior Renderings - (3) total
 - (3) Finalized floor plans
 - (1) for a Fire Station within the confines of a Sprung Structure
 - (1) for a Public Works offices within the confines of a Sprung Structure
 - (1) for a Fire Station within the existing public works building
 - (6) Total site layout options
 - 3D Modeling to envision the project
- Design Workshops & Kick-Off Meeting: Establish the owners Vision, validate program elements, review design options, share information & present deliverables.
 - In addition to these workshops, an initial introduction and consultation for federal funding opportunities in Vineyard is included in this proposal.

02: Meetings -

- 1) Regular Project Meeting with Client and design team, during service weeks (Exhibit B of Proposal)
- 2) Travel schedule outline in Exhibit B of Proposal, Terms of travel are outlined in Exhibit C of Proposal.

03: Deliverables

- Final presentation document in the format of an 11x17 landscape-oriented PDF.
 - Digital submission - No hard copies are included.
 - Contents of presentation are outlined in **Section 1.01 "Scope"** of this proposal.

Phase: EXP-R

Expenses may include travel labor and expenses for site visits noted. Travel Terms are outlined in Exhibit C of the Proposal.

Additional Services (AS-99)

CRSA and the Owner agree that the following services associated with this project are Additional Services and are not part of the Basic Design Services. CRSA will complete these services only upon written approval by the Owner and after amendment to the contract.

- Execution of services beyond the general schedule by phase noted in Exhibit B that results in additional labor beyond what is anticipated to complete the scope of work.

- Non-Site Related Travel
- Planning Services
 - Transportation Planning
- 3rd Party Sustainable Certifications (ex. LEED, WELL, RELi)
- Federal Funding Acquisition - Planning Services & Pursuit of Funding

EXHIBIT B - SCHEDULE

SECTION 1 SCHEDULE

1.0 TASK ORDER #002 – REV. 2

This schedule is based on an approval date of no later than 09/01/23. All of the dates listed below in this schedule are preliminary and subject to final approval of proposal.

PROGRAMMING

- ❖ **Goals:** Verify Program Elements | Establish Layout | Establish Exterior aesthetic
- ❖ **Duration:** 6 Weeks

Workshop #1 – September 6, 2023 - Kick-Off (Orem FD | Vineyard City | CRSA)

- Request and review floor plans of all relevant facilities, org charts, schedule confirmation, and establish project goals, any additional deliverables, and identify project approach
- Review Current fire station program
- Establish Precedent Sites to visit (If applicable)

Workshop #2 – September 8, 2023 - Kick-Off (Vineyard City & Public Works | CRSA)

- Review current utilization & future opportunities
- Staffing requirements and growth projections (future-planning)
- Establish Precedent Sites to visit (If applicable)

Workshop #3 – September 19, 2023 – Review of Program & Organizational strategies

Attendance: (Orem FD | Vineyard City | CRSA)

- Review adjacencies, facility organizational strategies for Public Works
- Present Fire Station floor plan options
- Exterior Façade options for re-use of existing facility
- Review Condition Assessment

Workshop #4 – September 21, 2023 – Review of Program & Organizational strategies

Attendance: (Vineyard Public Works | CRSA)

- Present Public Works program
- Review adjacencies, facility organizational strategies for Public Works
- Review Condition Assessment

Workshop #5 – September 26, 2023 – Design Option Review

Attendance: (Orem FD | Vineyard City & Public Works | CRSA)

- Present revised architectural floor plans & site option layouts
- Provide overall presentation layout & Information
- Review incorporated commentary and final (2) strategies for sequencing and design

Workshop #6 – September 26 / 27, 2023 – Federal Funding

Attendance: (Vineyard City | CRSA)

- Present opportunities for federal funding and grants
- Discuss timing, potential for pursuit and desire moving forward

Workshop #7 – October 3, 2023 – Final review & minor commentary

Attendance: (Orem FD | Vineyard City & Public Works | CRSA)

- Review cost estimates
- Review final documentation and provide opportunities for feedback on overall legibility and identify any additional key concepts or ideas to be addressed.
- Determine how cost has impacted decisions moving forward

Deliverables Schedule

Deliverable	Date
Existing building assessment – On-Site	9/5/2023 (<i>proposed</i>)
Finalized Fire Station Program – DUE	9/07/2023
Existing Building Report – DUE	9/11/2023
Proposed Public Works Program – DUE	9/19/2023
Test Fit Options – DUE FOR REVIEW (First Pass)	9/19/2023
Final Presentation Template / Layout - DUE	9/25/2023
Revised Test-Fit Plans & Site Options – DUE TO CCC	9/29/2023
Final Cost Estimate – DUE TO CRSA	10/11/2023
Final Presentation Submission – DUE TO VINEYARD	10/13/2023

EXHIBIT C- COMPENSATION

SECTION 1 COMPENSATION TERMS

1.0 CONTRACT TERMS

Fixed Fee compensation terms are defined by AIA Agreement or, another contract format agreed upon.

2.0 TRAVEL ASSUMPTIONS:

Travel Labor & Expenses:

Travel labor to the site is included in the overall fee proposal based on travel starting from a local office of CRSA (or equivalent). Each visit includes advance preparation, travel time, field time, and post site visit reports and documentation.

Expenses for travel to the Site are included in the Fixed Fee, up to the cap outlined. All travel expenses are included as part of the Expenses phase for tracking, rather than by project phase. The timing of travel is outlined in Exhibit B.

A site visit event is estimated at (4) hours in duration each. Estimated travel costs include the following: (Where possible, expenses will be shared with others travelling from CRSA):

- Roundtrip Drive from SLC to Vineyard City
- Meals

Travel to other locations is considered Supplemental Services.

Reimbursable Travel Expenses:

N/A

3.0 FEE SCHEDULE

The following schedule is a summary of all services required to complete the work.

This is a fixed fee proposal based on the following assumptions:

- Fee is based on the rough program that has been established and provided to CRSA.
- Where applicable under additional services, current hourly rates may apply for the completion of agreed upon tasks, available upon request.
- Work which extends the timeline of this schedule is subject to additional fee at the hourly rates provided below.

PROPOSED FEES: TOTAL**Task Order #002 – Rev. 2**

	<i>Projected Const. Value</i>	<i>Selected Project Fee %</i>	<i>Project Fees</i>
1-Fixed Fee	TBD	--	--
<i>Task</i>	<i>Consultant</i>	<i>Scope</i>	<i>Fees</i>
<i>Programming</i>	CRSA	Architecture & Site	\$40,840*
<i>Cost Estimating</i>	CCC	Cost Estimating	\$6,160
Proposed Fee			\$47,000
Expenses (EXP-N)	All consultant expenses and the following CRSA expenses are included in the Fixed Fee Contract		
	\$1,000 of the total fee will be set aside for travel expenses on an as-needed basis depending upon travel requirements to and from precedent sites, manufacturer's facilities or to City Council Meetings.		
Expenses (EXP-R)	The following expenses will be billed to the Owner in addition to the Fixed Fee Contract		
	<i>If additional travel is requested which would exceed the \$1000 fixed fee these costs would be billed to the owner as an additional expense within this category.</i>		
Supplemental Services (SS-99)	The following services will be billed to the owner upon written request.		
	– Additional Federal Funding Acquisition Planning Services - \$3,750 per Site - An initial consult and introduction to federal funding opportunities is included in the base fee.		
*Fee includes \$1000 EXP-N value.			

4.0 ASSUMPTIONS/EXCLUSIONS

- The schedule outlined in Exhibit B is based on an approval date of 9/01/23 or earlier.
- Any cost associated with procurement of engineered drawings for the Sprung structure will be included in a later Task Order.



5.0 SIGNATURES

Upon approval of this proposal, CRSA will contract with the Owner using the AIA (or other as agreed upon) Standard Contract.

A handwritten signature in blue ink, reading "J. Kelly Gillman".

J. Kelly Gillman, ASLA, AICP

Senior Principal, Treasurer

Signature, Vineyard City

Title, Vineyard City

EXHIBIT D- LIMIT OF WORK

SECTION 1 SITE EXTENTS

1.0 SITE CHARACTERISTICS & ASSUMPTIONS

- Image 01 & 02 provide aerials of the two sites to be assessed.
- Site Locations:
 - 125 S. Main Street (Current site of city offices/police substation)
 - 282 W 1600 North (Current public works yard)
- Below is a description of the site elements and analysis proposed:
 - Layout a fire station, public works facility and associated greenspace & site elements.
 - Assess opportunities for shared parking and outdoor communal areas.
 - Provide documentation associated with curb-cuts, site fencing, and utility connection points and proposed traffic control elements for the site.
 - Assess wetlands extents and pertinent site constraints which could interact with construction.



IMAGE 01



IMAGE 02

EXHIBIT E- SPRUNG STRUCTURE

SECTION 1 PREFABRICATE SPRUNG STRUCTURE

1.0 SPRUNG STRUCTURE CHARACTERISTICS & ASSUMPTIONS

Sprung™ provides a highly versatile alternative to conventional construction. They have designed and patented a fabric membrane technology that not only outperforms other building alternatives, but also allows for rapid construction, design flexibility, exceptional durability, longevity, and lower overall project costs.

Sprung™ has been designing and producing innovative, tensioned membrane structures to meet the unique needs of clients since 1887. Sprung invented and patented their fabric membrane technology and its associated structure. Their engineering and design team is dedicated to assisting each of their customers achieve energy and cost savings without compromising on quality and value. They have manufacturing and distribution centers in North America, including West Jordan, UT. That means quick delivery and face-to-face service. Lastly, they currently hold over two million square feet of available inventory, so they can ensure exceptionally fast delivery and timely project completion.

Sprung Instant Structures, Inc.

5711 West Dannon Way
West Jordan, UT, United States
84081

SECTION 2 PRECEDENT

1.0 SCOPE

- Provided Treasure Island in San Francisco with a rapid-build temporary fire station due to an emergency order issued by the mayor of San Francisco. The space is a 7,500 SF uninsulated station anchored directly to the earth. It provides numerous daylight panels and two exterior garage doors as part of the structure.

2.0 DELIVERY

- Sprung worked with the City of San Francisco's architectural firm and modular trailer company – who supplied the offices, kitchen and sleeping quarters, to provide a clear-span open garage structure to house (4) fire trucks. The structure was delivered (3) weeks after it was ordered and took (1) week to construct.



IMAGE & STRUCTURE BY SPRUNG™



VINEYARD CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT

Meeting Date: August 30, 2023

Agenda Item: 6.4 Campaign Signs (Ordinance 2023-28)

Department: City Recorder's Office

Presenter: City Recorder Pamela Spencer

Background/Discussion:

Due to residents' requests, staff recommends that the City Council amend Municipal Code Section 2.14.080 Campaign Signs, adding an exception for residents who wish to display campaign signs on their privately maintained park strips.

Fiscal Impact: N/A

Recommendation:

Staff recommends approval of the code amendment

Sample Motion:

"I move to adopt ordinance 2023-28, Campaign Sign amendments as presented"

Attachments:

Ordinance 2023-28

**VINEYARD
ORDINANCE 2023-28**

**AN ORDINANCE OF THE VINEYARD CITY COUNCIL AMENDING
MUNICIPAL CODE SECTION 2.14.080; CAMPAIGN SIGNS**

WHEREAS, the Vineyard City Council has the authority under Utah Code 10-3 to amend the municipal code; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has determined that it is in the best interest of the citizens of the city to amend Section 2.14.080; Campaign Signs

NOW THEREFORE, be it ordained by the City Council of Vineyard, in the State of Utah, as follows:

SECTION 1: **AMENDMENT** “2.14.080 Campaign Signs” of the Vineyard Municipal Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

AMENDMENT

2.14.080 Campaign Signs

- A. No candidate for any public office, including city, county, state, or federal offices or the offices of any other political subdivision of the state or federal government, may place campaign signs or materials on Vineyard City property except for residents who wish to display signs on their privately maintained park strips.
~~–~~ This section shall in no way be interpreted as prohibiting any candidate or citizen from engaging in political speech in public or in displaying such materials on private property.
- B. Campaign signs shall follow the regulations listed in the Vineyard Zoning Code Chapter 15.48 Signs, except that residents may display campaign signs on their privately maintained park strips.
- C. A temporary sign permit must be obtained according to Vineyard Zoning Code Section 15.48.060 Temporary Sign Standards.
- D. Pursuant to §20A-17-102, Utah Code (2014, as amended). Campaign signs:
 - 1. Except as provided in Subsection (2), a person is guilty of a class B misdemeanor if the person knowingly removes, alters, defaces, or otherwise vandalizes a sign:
 - a. advocating the election or defeat of a candidate for public office; or
 - b. advocating the approval or defeat of a ballot proposition.
 - 2. A person is not guilty of a violation of Subsection (1) if the person who engages in the conduct described in Subsection (1) is:
 - a. as it relates to a sign described in Subsection (1)(a), the candidate or an agent of the candidate;

- b. as it relates to a sign described in Subsection (1)(b), the person who placed the sign, the person who directed the placement of the sign, or an agent of either;
- c. a property owner of property on which the sign is placed or the property owner's agent; or
- d. a public official who removes the sign in accordance with an official duty of the public official.

SECTION 2: REPEALER CLAUSE All ordinances or resolutions or parts thereof, which are in conflict herewith, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 3: SEVERABILITY CLAUSE Should any part or provision of this Ordinance be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Ordinances a whole or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 4: EFFECTIVE DATE This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from August 30, 2023 and after the required approval and publication according to law.

PASSED AND ADOPTED BY THE VINEYARD COUNCIL

_____.

	AYE	NAY	ABSENT	ABSTAIN
Mayor Julie Fullmer	_____	_____	_____	_____
Tyce Flake	_____	_____	_____	_____
Amber Rasmussen	_____	_____	_____	_____
Mardi Sifuentes	_____	_____	_____	_____
Cristy Welsh	_____	_____	_____	_____

Presiding Officer

Attest

Julie Fullmer, Mayor, Vineyard

Pamela Spencer, City Recorder,
Vineyard



Community Development

Date: August 23, 2023
From: Cache Hancey, Planner & Business Advocate
To: City Council
Item: 9.1 Zoning Text Amendment:
15.12.060-Dimensional Standards Table
Applicant: Brian Bird, Bird Homes LLC

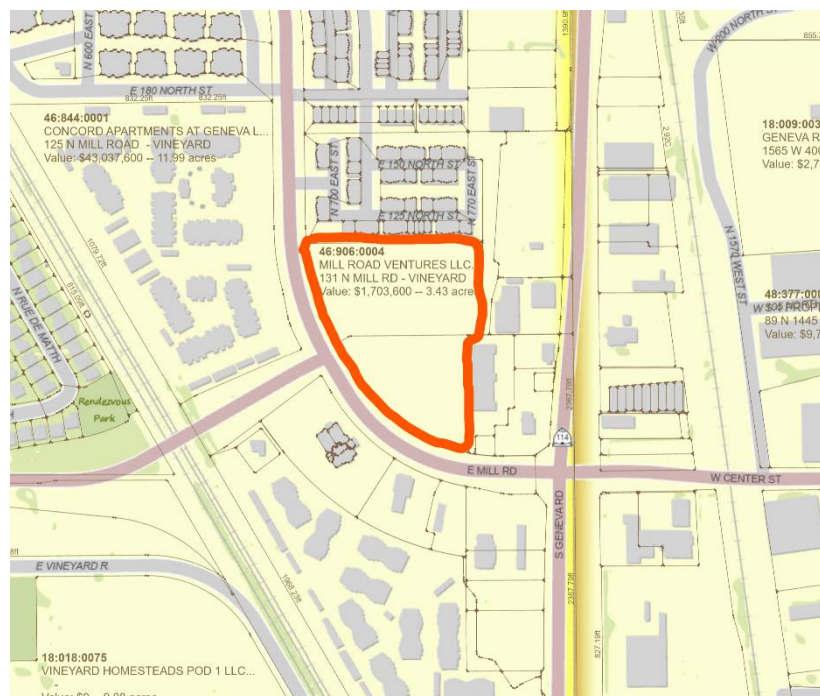
BACKGROUND

The proposed ordinance provides an increase in the maximum building height for the two properties located within lots 1 and 2 of the Mill Road East Subdivision Plat "B", within the Regional Mixed Use Zone (RMU). The current code allows for a maximum height of 60ft. This change would increase that maximum height to 70ft.

Analysis

Brian Bird with Bird Homes LLC has proposed this zoning text amendment as he intends on developing the parcels located at 114 N Mill Road and 131 N Mill Road into an office complex. The proposed development is under site plan review; however, the proposed buildings encroach the 60ft building height limit. To accommodate the 4-story office buildings, this zoning text amendment has been proposed to allow for greater height than what is currently allowed under the zoning code.

This zoning text amendment would only allow for the buildings located within lots 1 and 2 of the Mill Road East Subdivision Plat "B" to build up to 70ft.



Planning Commission Recommendation

On August 2, 2023, the planning commission moved to recommend approval of Ordinance 2023-27.

Planning Commission Options

“I move to approve Ordinance 2023-27”

“I move to approve Ordinance 2023-27 with the following conditions...”

“I move to deny Ordinance 2023-27 “

ATTACHMENTS

- Proposed zoning text amendment.

**VINEYARD
ORDINANCE 2023-27**

**AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF VINEYARD UTAH TO MAKE
AMENDMENTS TO THE ZONING CODE TO REGULATE THE MAXIMUM
HEIGHT OF BUILDINGS LOCATED ON LOTS 1 AND 2 OF THE MILL ROAD
EAST SUBDIVISION PLAT "B", WITHIN THE REGIONAL MIXED USE ZONE.
THIS ORDINANCE INCREASE THE MAXIMUM BUILDING HEIGHT FROM 60
FEET TO 70 FEET.**

WHEREAS, in compliance with the Utah State Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act (LUDMA), the City established an amendment to the Vineyard Zoning Code Section 15.12.060 Dimensional Standards Table,

WHEREAS, the Vineyard City Zoning Code Amendment provides an increase in the maximum building height to 70' feet of buildings located on lots 1 and 2 of the Mill Road East Subdivision Plat "B", and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission held a public hearing on July 19, 2023 and after fully considering public comment and staff recommendation, requested the height increase be limited to the applicant's property,

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission expressed concerns regarding impacts to view sheds the amendment may have and requested the applicant provide exhibits illustrating view impacts from surrounding properties, and continued the agenda item to the August 2, 2023 Planning Commission meeting, and

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission recommended approval of the revised amendment on August 2, 2023 to the City Council, and

WHEREAS, the City Council reviewed the amended language within the Vineyard Zoning Code Amendment and held a public hearing on August 23, 2023, and after fully considering public comment, staff and Planning Commissions' recommendations,

NOW THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Council of the Vineyard, in the State of Utah, as follows:

SECTION 1: **AMENDMENT** "15.12.060 Dimensional Standards Table" of the Vineyard Zoning Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

A M E N D M E N T

15.12.060 Dimensional Standards Table

1. Unless otherwise specified, development in the city shall comply with the standards set forth in the Dimensional Standards Table. Special purpose districts standards are located in [VZC 15.14 Special Purpose Districts](#).

Dimensional standards regulating accessory buildings of VZC 15.34.030 shall apply. All other applicable development standards are located within various chapters of the zoning ordinance.

Dimensional Standards Table

STANDARDS	OS	A-1	R & A-5	RE-20	R-1-15	R-1-10	R-1-8	R-2-15	HDR-1	HD R-2	RM U	B P	R C	N C	F O I	M	P F
Minimum Lot Size	NA	40 Acres	5 Acres	40,000 sf	15,000 sf	10,000 sf	8,000 sf	15,000 sf per SFD or 25,000 sf per Two-Family Dwelling	10,000 sf plus 5,000 sf per multi-family unit.	8,000 sf plus 4,500 sf per multi-family unit.	10 acres ¹ .	40,000 sf	NA	NA	20,000 sf	20,000 sf	NA
Maximum Base Density allowed by a PD Overlay District in Units Per Acre	NA	1 unit per 20 acres	1 unit per 5 acres	1.75 units per acre	2.32 units per acre	3.5 units per acre	4.35 units per acre	2.33 SFD units per acre. 2.8 Two-family dwelling units per acre.	2-12 units per acre with an average of 8 units per acre.	9.7 units per acre.	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Minimum Lot Width	NA	Lot width to lot length ratio		100'	90'	80'	80'	100' for SFD and 120' for Two-	60' unless otherwise approved	120'		14	NA	NA	10	100'	NA

		not less than 1:3						Family Dwellings	by the City Council.			See standard #1 below.	0'			0'		
Minimum Distance Between Condominium & Multi-Family Units Primary Buildings located on the same Lot or Parcel	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A	NA	30'	30'			N A	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A
Minimum Building Height	No primary building within any district shall be erected to a height less than one (1) story entirely above grade. See definition of story.																	
Maximum Building Height	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	35' ²	60' ²	60' ²	90' ²	60' ²	60' ⁶	60' ²	60' ²	N A
Minimum Front Yard	N A	30'	30'	30'	30'	30'	20'	20'	20'	20'			30'	20'	N A	25'	25'	N A
Minimum Side Yard - Interior Lots	N A	30'	30'	30'	30'	30'	20'	A total of at least 20' between the two side yards, with no side yard of less than 8'.	20', unless otherwise approved by the City Council.	20'			25'	20'	20' ⁷	20'	20'	N A

Minimum Side Yard for Corner Lots	N A	30'	30'	30'	30'	30'	20'	20'	20'	20'		2 5'	2 5'	N A	2 5'	25 '	N A
Minimum Rear Yard	N A	30'	30'	30'	30'	30'	20'	20'	20'	20'		2 5'	2 5'	2 0' 7	2 5'	25 '	N A
Maximum Building Lot Coverage (Principle and Accessory Buildings)	N A	N A	15 %	50 %	50 %	50 %	50 %	50%	50%	50%	NA	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A
Maximum encroachment of Architectural Features Encroaching into required setback	N A	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	N A
Accessory Buildings and Residential Swimming Pools - In addition to the requirements of Section 15.34.030, the following dimensional standards apply:																	
Minimum Internal Side Setbacks	N A	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	N A	N A	3'	N A	N A	N A
Street Side Corner Lot Standards	See Section 15.34.030																

Minimum Rear Setbacks	N A	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	3'	N A	N A	6'	N A	N A	N A
Minimum Distance from Principle Building	N A	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	6'	N A	N A		N A	N A	N A
Maximum Building Height	N A	N A	25'	25' 4	25' 4	25' 4	25' 4	25' ⁴	25' ⁴	25' ⁴	25' 4	N A	N A		N A	N A	N A
Roof Overhang Setback	N A	N A	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	1' ⁵	N A	N A		N A	N A	N A
Maximum allowed rear yard building coverage.	N A	N A	50 %	50 %	50 %	50 %	50 %	50%	50%	50%	50 %	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A
Residential-Detached Garages in Side Yards	N A	Residential-detached garages are allowed in established side yards of lots containing a single-family residence. Residential-detached garages shall maintain a minimum distance of 6' from the single-family residence and meet all fire and building codes. Front yard setbacks for single-family residences apply to residential-detached garages located in a side yard. Setbacks and building heights applicable to side and rear yards of accessory buildings shall apply to residential-detached garages. Driveways and parking surfaces shall not exceed sixty-five percent (65%) of the front yard area.							NA	NA	NA	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A	N A

Additional Standards:

1. See [VZC 15.14 Special Purpose Districts](#)

for additional RMU Districts standards.

2. Building height is measured from the top of the back of curb to the highest point of the building or structure. See also the definition of "Building Height."
4. For every one foot (1') in height above fifteen feet (15') the roof overhang setback shall be increased an additional one foot (1') from the internal side and rear property lines.
5. For every one foot (1') in height above fifteen feet (15') the building setback shall be increased an additional one foot (1') from the internal side and rear property lines.
6. Buildings located in the NC District shall not exceed 35 feet in height when located within 50 feet of a property line of a parcel containing a detached single-family home.
7. No building setbacks are required for buildings located adjacent to parcels that do not contain stand-alone residential uses and are zoned for commercial uses.
8. A building height, not exceeding 70 feet, measured from the top of back of curb to the highest point of the building or structure, may be permitted. This height allowance will be limited to lots 1 and 2 of the Mill Road East Subdivision Plat "B".

SECTION 2: **REPEALER CLAUSE** All ordinances or resolutions or parts thereof, which are in conflict herewith, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 3: **SEVERABILITY CLAUSE** Should any part or provision of this Ordinance be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Ordinances a whole or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 4: **EFFECTIVE DATE** This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from August 23, 2023, and after the required approval and publication according to law.

PASSED AND ADOPTED BY THE VINEYARD COUNCIL

_____.

	AYE	NAY	ABSENT	ABSTAIN
Mayor Julie Fullmer	_____	_____	_____	_____
Tyce Flake	_____	_____	_____	_____
Amber Rasmussen	_____	_____	_____	_____
Mardi Sifuentes	_____	_____	_____	_____
Cristy Welsh	_____	_____	_____	_____

Presiding Officer

Attest

Julie Fullmer, Mayor, Vineyard

Pamela Spencer, City Recorder,
Vineyard



Community Development

Date: August 30, 2023
From: Cache Hancey, Planner & Business Advocate
To: City Council
Item: 9.2 Zoning Text Amendment 15.48 Signs
Applicant: City-Initiated

BACKGROUND

This amendment provides standards for construction signage, murals and minor changes. The city anticipates multiple large projects to commence with the Forge, Downtown, GRMU District and the Yards development areas. Construction fence signage can be utilized to provide project information to the public, advertising the future project, and associated designers and contractors.

The addition of mural standards is necessary for private and public murals. The code provide allowance for murals to be added to private and public structures. The Planning Commission is provided authority to approve mural greater than 30%, which is the maximum allowed per façade, if the area is reallocated from other building facades. For murals located on public property, right-of-way or public facilities, murals are required to be reviewed by the ARCH Commission which will provide a recommendation to the City Council. The City Council will provide a final decision and may allow for greater façade coverage.

CITY COUNCIL OPTIONS

"I move to approve Ordinance 2023-17 Sign Code Amendments."

"I move to approve Ordinance 2023-17 Sign Code Amendments with the following modifications..."

"I move to deny Ordinance 2023-17 Sign Code Amendments."

ATTACHMENTS

- Ordinance 2023-17 Sign Code Amendments

**VINEYARD
ORDINANCE 2023-17**

**AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF VINEYARD UTAH TO MAKE
AMENDMENTS TO THE ZONING CODE TO REMOVE THE SIGN STANDARD
WAIVER, MAKE CHANGES TO THE SIGN STANDARD TABLE, CREATE TWO
NEW ADDITIONAL SIGN TYPES; DEVELOPMENT PROMOTION AND
DIRECTION AND WALL ART AND BUILDING MURAL.**

WHEREAS, in compliance with the Utah State Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act (LUDMA), the City established an amendment to the Vineyard Zoning Code Section 15.48 Signs,

WHEREAS, the Vineyard City Zoning Code Amendment provides modifications to the sign standard table, removes the sign standard waiver, and creates additional sign types,

WHEREAS, the Planning Commission held a public hearing on April 18, 2023, and after fully considering public comment and staff recommendation, recommended approval to the City Council, and,

WHEREAS, the City Council reviewed the amended language within the Vineyard Zoning Code Amendment and held a public hearing on April 26, 2023, and after fully considering public comment, staff and Planning Commission's recommendations,

NOW THEREFORE, be it ordained by the Council of the Vineyard, in the State of Utah, as follows:

SECTION 1: **AMENDMENT** “15.48.010 Purpose And Intent” of the Vineyard Zoning Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

A M E N D M E N T

15.48.010 Purpose And Intent

The purpose of this sign ordinance is to preserve and protect the health, safety, and general welfare of city residents and businesses by regulating the design, materials, size, number and location of signs. The purpose of this section is to achieve the following:
~~and:~~

1. ~~To R~~reduce potential hazards to motorists and pedestrians by providing adequate signage in order to identify a business or facility while eliminating excessive, obtrusive, ~~and~~ confusing sign displays, and excessive illumination.
2. ~~To P~~preserve and improve the aesthetic appearance of the ~~C~~city by reducing or prohibiting signage that is overbearing, creates visual clutter or excessive illumination.
3. To encourage well-designed signs that contribute in a positive way to the city’s visual

environment and help maintain an image of quality for the city.

4. To provide for temporary signs in limited circumstances; without regard to the communicative content of the sign
5. ~~To~~ ~~P~~provide each sign user an opportunity for effective identification.
6. To support the goals and policies of the Vineyard General Plan
7. To establish a process for the review and approval of a sign permit application.

SECTION 2: **AMENDMENT** “15.48.040 General” of the Vineyard Zoning Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

A M E N D M E N T

15.48.040 General

Signs shall be allowed within the city according to the regulations contained in this section. It shall be unlawful to erect or otherwise display a sign without complying with the applicable terms and provisions of this section.

1. Sign Permit Required: Prior to erecting, construction, placement, relocation, alteration, and/or modification of any sign, a sign permit shall be obtained from the city except as exempted within this Title. Such application for sign permit shall be subject to standards, procedures and other requirements of this section.
2. Permit Exemptions: The following items are exempt from permit requirements but shall conform to the specifications of this Title and sign definitions listed in Section 15.48.080:
 - a. Official Signs, signs of a noncommercial nature and in the public interest, erected by, or on the order of a public officer
 - b. Incidental signs not over 6 SF in size
 - c. Standard sign maintenance
 - d. Interior signs that are not visible or intended to be visible from the public-way
 - e. Site address
 - f. Flags
 - g. Temporary signs except as stated within this Title
 - h. Window Signs
3. Permit Application Process
 - a. Except as otherwise noted in this Title, it shall be unlawful for any persons to erect, alter, construct, or relocate any sign within the city without first obtaining a permit. In addition, electrical permits are required for electrical signs.
 - b. A sign permit application shall be submitted to the Planning Department on an application formatted and maintained by the city. The application shall contain:
 - i. The number of proposed signs

- ii. The location of the sign/s on the building or premises
 - iii. Plans and specifications including attachment details
 - iv. Final elevations/details, in color, showing the dimensions, materials, colors, design, method of illumination, and landscaping for all proposed freestanding signs
 - v. Building elevations/details denoting the areas designated for wall mounted signage
 - vi. All plans shall show complete details to include size, materials, colors, method of support or attachment
 - vii. Any additional materials required by the city in order to approved the sign permit for issuance
 - c. Prior to the issuance of any sign permit application, the city shall collect a sign permit fee in accordance with a fee schedule established by the city council.
 - d. If installation of a sign has not commenced under any permit issued under the provision of this Title within one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of such permit, or upon completion of building, such permit shall become null and void.
 - e. All signs for which a permit is required shall be subject to the following inspections:
 - i. Footing inspection on all freestanding signs exceeding six (6') feet in height
 - ii. Inspection of all braces, anchors, supports, and connections, including wall signs
 - iii. All signs containing electrical wiring shall be subject to the city's adopted electrical code, inspected to meet code compliance and; all electrical components shall bear the label of an approved testing agency.
 - iv. Site inspection to ensure that the sign has been constructed according to the approved application and valid sign permit
4. Sign Standard Waiver
- a. Other

Purpose: A Sign Standard Waiver may be approved by the Planning Commission as an alternative to the requirements set forth in this Title for the uses and developments listed below: Conditions: The Planning Commission may attach conditions, requirements, or standards necessary to assure that the signs covered by the Sign Standard Waiver meet the intent of this Title and will not be materially detrimental to persons or property in the vicinity. In making its determination the Planning Commission shall not base any condition on the message content of a sign. The Planning Department will have the right to inspect that any conditions set by the Planning Commission are being met. Evaluation Criteria: Sign Standard Waivers shall be evaluated based on the following criteria: Procedure Stand-alone or Multi-tenant commercial, office or employment uses A multi-building complex for a single commercial or employment use in a project exceeding 40 net acres Shopping Centers Hospitals Hotels and Commercial lodging having at least 150 guest rooms and a full-service restaurant or conference and meeting rooms Conference Centers Auto

malls
 Indoor or Outdoor commercial recreation areas
 Commuter/light rail stations
 Motor vehicle fueling stations
 Drive-thru facilities
 Gateway Feature
 Placement: All signs shall be placed where they are visible and legible. Factors to be considered include its location relative to traffic movement and access points, site features, other structures, and orientation relative to viewing distances and sight triangles. Wall signs may be approved on building walls other than the wall space occupied by the tenant in commercial centers in which some tenants have little or no visibility from the street.
 Quantity: The number of signs that may be approved within any development shall be sufficient to provide necessary facilitation of internal circulation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic and way finding for safety of the occupants of vehicles and pedestrians. Factors to be considered shall be those that impact safety considerations such as the size of the development and the number of development sub-areas.
 Height: All signs shall be no larger than necessary for visibility and legibility. In no event shall a Sign Standard Waiver contain a freestanding sign that exceeds by more than twenty feet (20') for multi-tenant signs and ten feet (10') for single tenant signs.
 Sign Area: The Planning Commission may approve a wall signage area not to exceed 8% on any single elevation as long as the signage area is reallocated from an additional elevation.
 Design Features and Materials: Sign design themes and materials shall be compatible with the architecture, colors, and materials of the project. A sign permit application shall be submitted to the Planning Department on an application formatted and maintained by the city. The application shall contain:
 Once staff has deemed the application complete the application will be taken to the next reasonable Planning Commission meeting.
 The number of proposed signs
 The location of the sign/s on the building or premises
 Plans and specifications
 Final elevations/details, in color, showing the dimensions, materials, colors, design, method of illumination, and landscaping for all proposed freestanding signs
 Building elevations/details denoting the areas designated for wall mounted signage
 Photometric Plan for signs with illumination
 All plans shall show complete details to include size, materials, colors, method of support or attachment
 A narrative describing why a waiver is needed
 Any additional materials required by the city planner or authorized designee
 Prohibited signs are excluded from receiving a Sign Standard Waiver, except as allowed within this Title.

5. Nonconforming Signs

- a. Reasonable repair and maintenance of nonconforming signs shall be allowed. In the event a nonconforming sign is damaged or vandalized, the nonconforming sign must be restored to its previous condition within six (6) months or the nonconforming status of the sign shall be forfeited.
- b. If any entity that utilizes nonconforming sign ceases operation for a period of one (1) year, the nonconforming status of the sign shall be forfeited.
- c. Not later than six (6) months after forfeiture of nonconforming status, such nonconforming signs shall be removed at the property owners expense. Any forfeited nonconforming sign not removed within this six (6) month period shall be considered an abandoned sign for the purpose of enforcement.

6. Prohibited Signs

- a. Signs located within any public street, right of way, or other public property, except as allowed in this Title.
- b. Any sign located so as to conflict with the clear visibility of public devices

controlling traffic or to impair the safety of a moving vehicle by distracting the vision of the driver.

- c. Any sign which is not specifically permitted in this Title.
 - d. Signs which bear or contain statements, words, symbols, images or depictions that are obscene or indecent as to minors as those terms are defined in the U.C.A.
 - e. Signs with intermittent or flashing illumination, animated or moving signs and video/television/computer displays. Except as allowed within this Title.
 - f. Any inflatable object used for promotional or sign purposes.
 - g. Billboards.
 - h. Pole or Pylon signs
 - i. Portable/A-frame signs
 - j. Abandoned signs
 - k. Signs emitting sound
 - l. Wall mounted box cabinet signs over six (6) square feet in size-, not including projecting signs
 - m. Bench signs
 - n. Vehicle signs, does not include the use of business logos, identification or advertising on vehicles primarily and actively used for business purposed and/or personal transportation
 - o. Roof signs
 - p. Neon signs larger than 3 square feet in sign area
 - q. Permanent signs installed, attached, or painted to fences
 - r. Flying Banner Signs
7. Measurement of Sign Area
- a. Single-faced sign
 - i. For signs having a distinct border or boundary, the sign area shall be calculated by multiplying the length times the width of the entire surface contained within the border, boundary, sign board, or sign face.
 - ii. For signs with no distinct border or boundary, the sign area shall be calculated by computing the area of a simple rectilinear figure consisting of not more than eight perpendicular lines that contain all of the writing, representations, emblems, logos, or other display elements of the sign.
 - b. Double-faced sign
 - i. For signs with two (2) identical faces, arranged back to back in parallel planes, and where the sign faces are separated by no more than thirty-six (36) inches, the sign area shall be calculated for one side only.
 - c. Multi-faced sign
 - i. For a sign with more than one face, the area shall be calculated by adding together the area of all sign faces visible from any point.
8. Measurement of Sign Height
- a. Sign height shall be measured as the distance from the base of the sign to the highest portion of the sign.

- b. Ground shall not be augmented in a manner that adds height to the sign.
- c. Clearance for projecting signs shall be measured as the smallest vertical distance between finished grade and the lowest point of the sign, including any framework or other structural elements.

9. ~~Sight~~Clear View Triangle

- a. No sign or sign structure shall obstruct traffic by obscuring the vision of motorist. A minimum sign distance triangle of thirty (30) feet shall be maintained at all street and driveway intersections; larger sign distance triangles may be deemed necessary by the City Engineer.

10. Sign Location

- a. No sign shall be placed within the public right-of-way, park strips along roadways or within an easement.
- b. No sign shall be attached to any street post, street sign or other structures within the public right-of-way except where allowed.
- c. No sign may occupy a ~~sight~~clear view triangle.
- d. No sign or sign structure shall be located within five (5) feet of a property line.
- e. No sign shall be placed in such a position as to endanger pedestrian, bicyclists, or traffic on street by obscuring the view or by interfering with official street signs or signals by virtue of position or color.
- f. On any property where permission to erect and maintain the sign has not been given by the owner or lease holder.

11. Sign Illumination

The artificial illumination of signs, either from an internal or external source, shall be designed to eliminate negative impacts on surrounding rights-of-way and properties. The following standards shall apply to all illuminated signs:

- a. External light sources shall be steady, stationary, directed and shielded light sources directed solely onto the sign.
- b. Signs shall not have exposed fluorescent tubes or incandescent bulbs.
- c. Internally illuminated signs shall have opaque face panels so that only the letters, logos, numbers or symbols appear illuminated. A halo effect is not allowed except through a Sign Standard Waiver.
- d. Electrical raceways and conduits shall be placed so that they are not within public view, not exceed the sign copy, and shall be painted the same colors as the wall surface.
- e. Signs with electrical components shall be constructed, inspected and approved by the Building Department
- f. Awnings with back-lit text or graphics are not allowed
- g. Lighting fixtures shall be decorative and architecturally compatible with the building.
- h. Illuminated signs located on a facade facing a residential structure within 150 feet may not be illuminated between the hours of 10:00pm and 7:00am.

SECTION 3: AMENDMENT “15.48.050 Regulations Based On Sign Type”
of the Vineyard Zoning Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

A M E N D M E N T

15.48.050 Regulations Based On Sign Type

The Sign Standard Table governs the maximum height, sign area, location, and quantity restrictions unless otherwise noted below.

1. Freestanding Signs

- a. All permanent freestanding signs shall be located a minimum of 50 feet from any other permanent freestanding sign on the same parcel.
- b. All permanent freestanding signs shall be situated perpendicular to the street.
- c. All permanent freestanding signs shall be of monument style only and shall complement the site architecture.
- d. Landscaping shall be provided at the base of all permanent freestanding signage.

2. Drive-Thru Lane Signs

- a. Where drive-thru uses are allowed, drive-thru lane signs are permitted
- b. No more than two (2) drive-thru lane signs are allowed for a drive-thru business establishment.
- c. The total maximum sign area shall not exceed fifty (50) square feet and six (6) feet in height.
- d. A drive-thru lane freestanding sign shall be constructed with a solid base.
- e. A computer display may be used.

3. Changeable Copy Sign

- a. Changeable Copy signs shall have static displays that shall not change more than once every eight (8) seconds. Video, animation or special effects such as traveling, scrolling, fading, dissolving, and bursting shall not be permitted, except through a Sign Standard Waiver
- b. Shall not increase the brightness level by more than 0.3-foot candles over ambient brightness levels.
- c. Changeable Copy signs which incorporate electronic message displays are required to have an automatic dimmer control to allow for automatic dimming of the intensity of the sign illumination and accommodate varying light conditions.

4. Flags

- a. Flags or Flagpoles shall not be located within any public right-of-way.
- b. Flagpoles shall have a maximum height of thirty-five (35) feet for residential and fifty (50) feet for commercial. Flagpoles over thirty (30) feet in height shall require a building permit.
- c. No more than two (2) flagpoles per lot in residential districts, no more than three (3) flagpoles per lot in all other districts.

- d. For each principal structure on a parcel, up to two (2) flag brackets or stanchions may be attached or placed for the display of flags.
- e. The maximum sign area of a flag displaying a commercial message shall not exceed twenty-four (24) square feet in residential districts, thirty-five (35) square feet in all other districts. For the purpose of determining the sign area of a flag, only one side of the flag shall be counted.

5. Wall Signs

- a. Signs may be either internally or externally illuminated
- b. Excluding vertically integrated mixed-use buildings which contain retail uses on the ground floor, buildings excess of two stories shall be allowed only one (1) wall mounted sign per elevation, to be located in a sign band between the top of the upper story windows and the top of parapet. Said sign shall not be required to be located over the tenant's particular suite.

6. Awning Sign

- a. Logos, symbols and graphics that do not include text may be allowed on the shed (slope) portion of an awning and shall not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the shed.
- b. Lettering shall be located within the middle seventy percent (70%) of the valance area
- c. Awnings shall not be lit from under the awning (back-lit) so that the awning appears internally illuminated
- d. Awnings shall be regularly cleaned and kept free of dust and visible defects

7. Projecting Sign

- a. Shall not be less than eight feet (8') above the surface over which they project in pedestrian areas
- b. Shall not project into alley more than three feet (3') and shall not be less than fourteen feet (14') above the alley surface where vehicles are allowed
- c. Internally illuminated projecting signs shall have opaque face panels so that only the letters, logos, numbers or symbols appear illuminated.
- d. Shall not be closer than fifteen feet (15') to another projecting sign or a freestanding sign or five feet (5') from an interior property line or a line dividing Two (2) separate business frontages
- e. May not project above the roof.

8. Development Promotional and Directional Sign

- a. One sign per frontage, not to exceed **ninety-six (96) square feet** in area within residential, commercial, and industrial zones is permitted.
- b. Each sign must be approved by the Community Development Director or authorized agent with a one (1) year limitation per approval. Renewals may be granted on a yearly basis but not to exceed two (2) years.
- c. It is the intent of the City the Development Promotional Sign be displayed only during construction of the project.
- d. Must be located only on property in which the sign is advertising with a two foot setback from all properties. Each must comply with all clear view requirements (Refer to Section 15.48.04.09)

9. Development Fencing Signage

- a. Development fence signs are allowed during the duration of active construction and shall be removed upon issuance of a certificate of occupancy or final inspection of the project. Signage shall be printed on wrap material or designed within the fencing surface and shall not be attached to the wrap material or fence surface.
 - b. Development fence signs shall only contain information regarding the subject project, designers, contractors and site directional information.
 - c. Development fence signs shall not extend above the height or physical dimensions of the development fencing.
10. Wall Art and Building Murals
- a. Wall art, and murals shall not exceed thirty percent (30%) of a building or structure facade.
 - b. For development located on private property, the Planning Commission may approve a higher area dedicated towards wall art or murals if the allowable square footage is reallocated from other facades of the same building.
 - c. Wall art or murals located within the public right-of-way or on a public facility shall be reviewed by the Arts, Recreation & Parks, Cultural, and Heritage Advisory Commission (ARCH) for a recommendation to the City Council for approval. The City Council may approve wall art or murals for areas greater than 30% of facade.
 - d. All lettering, logos, or symbols for advertising purposes shall meet the Wall Sign standards.

SECTION 4: AMENDMENT “15.48.070 Sign Standard Table” of the Vineyard Zoning Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

A M E N D M E N T

15.48.070 Sign Standard Table

Sign Types	Max. Sign Area	Max. Height	Setback/Location	Max. Number	Special Provisions
OS, A-1, and residential districts					

Monument (development entry ways)	25 SF	5 Feet	30' clear zone shall be maintained per any street corner, curb cut out of driveway, measured from the nearest edge of the driving surface	2 per entry way into a developme nt	Places of worship and private school located within residential districts shall be permitted 1 sign that meets these requirements
Wall	6 SF	Shall not extend above the lowest portion of a flat roof, the top of a parapet wall, or above the eaves line/fascia of any roof type		2 per pedestrian or vehicular entrance	
Temporary	6 SF	4 Feet	Shall be located on private property and shall not encroach into the public right of way.	2 per lot	Refer to 15.48.060 for temporary sign regulations
<u>Development Promotional and Directional</u>	<u>96 SF</u>	<u>15 Feet</u>	<u>Shall be located within the property in which the sign is advertising and with a 2 foot setback from all surrounding properties and out of any site visibility lines.</u>	<u>1 per frontage, maximum 4</u>	<u>Refer to 15.48.050 for development promotional and directional sign regulations</u>
Sign Types	Max. Sign Area	Max. Sign Height	Setback/Locatio n	Max. Number	Special Provisions
BP, FOI, M, I, RC,					

RMU, <u>NC</u> , FMU, PF					
Monument (single tenant)	40 SF	6 <u>10</u> Feet	5 feet from property line and out of any site visibility lines	1 sign for single users. 2 signs for properties with frontage on 2 arterial streets.	May extend no more than 20% over the allowed height for the purpose of architectural embellishmen t. No commercial content may extend into embellishmen t.
Monument (multi-tenant)	80 SF	15 <u>20</u> Feet	5 feet from property line and out of any site visibility line	1 per each street frontage. Master Developme nts with 800 FT or more frontage shall be permitted 1 sign per every 400 feet of frontage.	With two (2) or more tenants of separate businesses or organizations

Wall	5% on each building elevation. In no case shall a wall sign be required to be smaller than 60 SF.	Minimum 8' above finished grade shall not extend above the lowest portion of a parapet wall, or above line/fascia of any roof type.	Located within the middle 80% of the building frontage, measured from lease line to lease line.	1 per elevation, maximum 4. except as approved through a sign standard waiver Includes projecting signs.	Shall not project more than 15 inches from the wall. If sign projects less than 3 inches from wall, the 8' foot height requirement need not be met but may not be lower than the lowest point of any window.
Awning	50% of the awning	8' minimum clearance to grade required for the lowest portion of the awning.	Street fronting face of the awning	1 per awning	Shall be included in the total size for wall signs.
Projecting	No maximum area for sign type	Minimum 8' clearance to back of curb required for the lowest portion of the projecting sign. The top of the sign shall be located below the windows on the second-floor building.		1 per storefront entrance	Shall be included in the total size for wall signs.

Window	Shall not occupy more than 25% of the total area of a single window surface.				Any sign located inside of a building within 6 feet of an exterior window shall be counted as a window sign. All video displays visible from an exterior window are prohibited.
Temporary	30 SF Window: 25%	Freestanding: 8ft. Shall not extend above the second story of the building the sign is displayed on. Shall maintain at least 8' from grade to bottom of sign.	Shall be located on private property and not encroach into the public right of way.	2 Per lot	Refer to 15.48.060 for temporary sign regulations.
<u>Development Promotional and directional</u>	<u>96 SF</u>	<u>15 Feet</u>	<u>Shall be located within the property in which the sign is advertising and with a 2 foot setback from all surrounding properties and out of any site visibility lines.</u>	<u>1 per frontage, maximum 4</u>	<u>Refer to 15.48.050 for development promotional and directional sign regulations.</u>

<u>Wall Art and Building Mural</u>	<u>30% on each facade (see section 15.48.050(9) for development standards.)</u>	<u>Not to exceed the height of the subject building</u>	<u>Building Facade</u>	<u>Limited to coverage allowance</u>	<u>Shall not project more than three (3) inches from the wall.</u>

SECTION 5: **AMENDMENT** “15.48.080 Definitions” of the Vineyard Zoning Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

AMENDMENT

15.48.080 Definitions

Abandoned Sign: A sign which has not identified or advertised a current business, service, owner, product, or activity for a period of at least 180 days.

Address Sign: A sign that designates the street number and/or street name for identification purposes.

A-frame Sign: A portable, stand-alone sign comprised of two separate panels or faces joined at the top and spread apart at the bottom to form a base upon which the sign stands.

Animated Sign: A sign that uses movement or change of lighting to depict action or appearance of motion. This definition includes blinking, flashing, moving and revolving signs.

Awning: A cloth, plastic, or other nonstructural covering that projects from a wall for the purpose of shielding a doorway or window. An awning is either permanently attached to a building or can raised or retracted to a position against the building when not in use.

Awning Sign: Any sign painted on, adhered to, or applied on, an awning.

Banner: A temporary sign made of fabric, plastic, or other light, pliable, weather-resistant materials not enclosed in a rigid frame.

Bench Sign: A sign located on the seat or back of a bench or seat placed on or adjacent to a public right of way.

Billboard: A sign portraying information or directing attention to a business, activity, commodity service, entertainment, or communication which is not conducted, sold or offered at the parcel on which the sign or structure is located or which does not pertain to the parcel upon which the sign or structure is located.

Box Cabinet Sign: A three-dimensional box-like enclosed structure which includes all messages and copy with a single or double sign face.

Building Façade: The exterior elevation of a building structure excluding any porches, overhangs, covered walkways, drive thru covers or similar appendages.

Canopy: A structure other than an awning made of fabric, metal, or other material that is supported by columns or posts affixed to the ground and may also be connected to a building.

Canopy Sign: Any sign that is part of or attached to a canopy. For the purposes of this ordinance a canopy sign shall be considered a wall sign.

Changeable Copy Sign: A sign or portion thereof on which the copy or symbols change either automatically through electrical or electronic means, or manually through placement of letters or symbols on a panel mounted in or on a track system.

Channel Letters: Three-dimensional, individually cut letters or figures, illuminated or unilluminated, affixed to a structure.

Commercial Sign: A sign that contains information or advertising for any business, commodity, service, product or attraction.

Development Promotional and Directional Sign: A temporary sign for the purpose of guiding or directing pedestrian or vehicular traffic to new subdivisions, new development areas, or show homes and may include the development name, developer information, logograms, and directional arrows.

Directional Sign: An on-site sign that is designed to direct pedestrian and vehicular traffic into and out of, or within a site.

Directory Sign: A sign listing the names, uses or locations of the various businesses or activities conducted within a building or group of buildings, that is centrally located and intended to provide on-site directions.

Drive-thru Menu Board: A freestanding sign that lists the products and prices of products for items available at drive-thru facilities, often containing a two-way communication device used by customers to place an order.

Embellishment: Anything that enhances the appearance of a freestanding sign without having a functional purpose. For the purpose of this ordinance, embellishment may not include any symbol, representation, logo, insignia, illustration, or other form of advertising message for any business on site. It may contain the name and/or symbol, representation, logo, or insignia of a master planned shopping center, office park, commerce park, or other master planned multi-tenant development.

External Illumination: An external source of illumination that is not part of or attached to a sign.

Flag: Any fabric or other flexible material designed to be flown from a flagpole or similar device.

Flashing Sign: Any illuminated, on which the artificial source of light is not maintained stationary or constant in intensity and color at all times when such sign is illuminated. For the purposes of this definition, any moving illuminated sign affected by intermittent lighting shall be deemed a flashing sign.

Flying Banner Sign: A temporary, stand-alone sign comprised of light fabric that moves with the wind and can turn 360 degrees and is supported by a pole structure and a base.

Freestanding Sign: A sign anchored directly to the ground or supported by one or more posts, columns, or other vertical structures or supports and not attached to or depend.

Gateway Feature Sign: A sign that imparts to a motorist or pedestrian gains that they have entered the city or a particular part of the city.

Government/Regulatory Sign: Any sign for the control of traffic or for identification purposes, street signs, warning signs, railroad crossing signs, and sign of public service companies indicating danger or construction, which are erected by or at the order of a public officer.

Illegal Sign: Any sign which does not meet at least one of the following conditions:

1. An illegal, non-conforming sign that does not meet the standards of this Title
2. A sign erected without first obtaining a permit and complying with all regulations in effect at the time of its construction or use;
3. An abandoned sign that has not been removed with the time period specified by this Title;
4. A sign that was legally erected, but which later became nonconforming and then was damaged to the extent of 50 percent or more of its replacement value;
5. A sign that is a danger to the public or is unsafe; or
6. A sign that pertains to a specific event that has not been removed within the specified time after the occurrence of the event.

Inflatable Sign: A form of inflatable device or a sign that is displayed, printed or painted on the surface of a balloon or any other form of inflatable background and is used to attract attention to or advertise a noncommercial or commercial message or location.

Incidental Sign: A sign displays general site information, instructions, directives, or restrictions that are primarily oriented to pedestrians and motor vehicle operators who have entered a property from a public street. These signs shall not contain any commercial advertising.

Internally Illuminated: A light source entirely within a sign where the source of the illumination is not directly visible.

Maintenance: The replacing or repairing of a part or portion of a sign made unusable by ordinary wear and tear or by damage beyond the control of the sign's owner.

Marquee Sign: A a sign structure placed over the primary entrance of a building such as a hotel or theater, bearing sign copy and which projects from and is attached to the building. For the purposes of this ordinance a marquee sign shall be considered a projecting sign.

Monument Sign: A freestanding sign where the entire supporting base of the sign is affixed to the ground and is not attached to or supported by a building.

Moving Sign: A sign designed or made to move freely in the wind or designed or made to move by an electrical or mechanical device.

Multi-Tenant Sign: A freestanding sign used to advertise businesses that occupy a shopping center or complex with multiple tenants.

Neon Sign: A sign using neon or any other inert gas under low pressure, which glows in a distinctive color when exposed to a high voltage electrical current.

Nonconforming Sign: An advertising structure or sign which was lawfully erected and maintained in compliance with the requirements in effect at the time, and which has subsequently come under new amended requirements and does not now completely comply.

Off-Premises Sign: A sign whose message directs attention to a specific business, product, service, event or activity not located on the premises upon which the sign is located.

Pennant Flag Sign: A triangular or irregular piece of fabric or other material, commonly attached in strings or strands, or supported on small poles intended to flap in the wind.

Permanent Sign: A sign that is intended to be and is so constructed as to be lasting and enduring condition, remaining unchanged in character, condition (beyond normal wear) and position.

Pole Sign: A freestanding sign that is affixed, attached, or erected on a pole that is not itself an integral part of or attached to a building or structure and where the width of the top of the sign structure is wider than the width of the base.

Portable Sign: A sign designed to be transported or moved and not permanently attached to the ground, a building or other structure.

Primary Building Elevation: The side of a commercial, office, or industrial building or tenant suite that contains the main entrance. In instances where there is no singular main entrance, the primary elevation shall be the building's most significant side as determined by the Planner.

Projecting Sign: A sign, other than a wall sign, that is suspended from or supported by a structure attached to a building and projecting outward from the building.

Pylon Sign: A freestanding sign other than a pole sign, permanently affixed to the ground by supports, but not having the appearance of a solid base.

Raceways: for electrical signs, the enclosure that holds sign elements, which may also be the structural element that is mounted on a wall or other support element.

Roof Sign: A building-mounted sign erected upon, against, or over the roof of a building.

Shopping Center: A commercial development consisting of three (3) or more separate commercial establishments sharing a common building, or which are in separate buildings that share a common entranceway or parking area.

Sign: Any device, structure, fixture, painting, emblem, or visual that uses words, graphics, colors, illumination, symbol, numbers or letters for the purpose of communicating a message. Sign includes the sign faces as well as any sign supporting structure.

Sign Area: The total dimensions of a sign surface used to display information, messages, advertising, logos, or symbols.

Sign Height: Sign height shall be measured as the distance from the back of curb to the highest portion of the sign.

Sign Structure: Poles, posts, walls, frames, brackets, or other supports holding a sign in place.

Street Frontage: The side or sides of a lot abutting on a public street or right-of-way.

Temporary Sign: A sign not permanently attached to the ground, a wall or a building, and not intended or designed for permanent display.

Vehicle Sign: A sign that is attached to or painted on a vehicle that is parked on or adjacent to any property, the principal purpose of which is to attract attention to a product sold or business located on the property.

Wall Sign: A sign that is attached to or painted on the exterior wall of a structure with the display surface of the sign approximately parallel to the building wall.

Window Sign: A sign that is applied, painted, or affixed to the interior or exterior of a window, or any sign located inside a building within six (6) feet of the interior side of the window and displayed so as to attract the attention of persons outside the building.

SECTION 6: **AMENDMENT** “15.60.020 Definitions” of the Vineyard Zoning Code is hereby *amended* as follows:

AMENDMENT

15.60.020 Definitions

Words not defined herein shall have a meaning consistent with Webster's New Collegiate Dictionary, latest edition.

Abandon/Abandoned: Means a use that has been discontinued for a minimum period of one (1) year or a building, structure, sign, or other object that remains vacant or unused for a minimum period of one (1) year.

Abandonment: Any act that results to abandon.

Access: The provision of vehicular and/or pedestrian ingress and egress to a lot, parcel, building, or structure.

Accessory Building: A building customarily incidental and clearly subordinate to the primary building and located on the same lot as the primary building.

Accessory Use: A use clearly incidental, subordinate and customarily found in connection to the primary use and located on the same lot as the primary use.

Active or Valid Building Permit: A Building Permit that has not expired.

Adjacent Property/Adjacent Landowners: A lot or parcel of property, or the owner of record of such, according to the records of the Utah County Recorder that has a common boundary line with a lot or parcel of property that is the subject of some action before the city.

Affected Entity: Means a county, municipality, independent special District under Title 17A, Chapter 2, Independent Special Districts, Local District under Title 17B, Chapter 2, Local Districts, School District, interlocal cooperation entity established under Title 11, Chapter 13, InterLocal Cooperation Act, specified public utility, or the Utah Department of Transportation, if:

1. The entity's services or facilities are likely to require expansion or significant modification because of an intended use of land;
2. The entity has filed with the municipality a copy of the entity's general or long-range plan; or
3. The entity's boundaries or facilities are within one mile of land that is the subject of a general plan amendment or land use Ordinance change.

Agent: The person with written authorization to represent a property owner.

Agriculture: An area which is used for the commercial production, keeping, or maintenance for sale of plants and domestic animals typically found in Utah County, or lands devoted to a soil conservation management program, but excluding the keeping of prohibited animals, Commercial Plant Nursery, as defined herein, Concentrated Animal Feeding Operation, as defined by the U.C.A., 1953, as amended, and subject to the Utah Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (UPDES), or similar activities.

Agricultural Building: A structure used in conjunction with an allowed agriculture use, and not for human occupancy, and complying with the requirements of § 58-56-4, U.C.A., 1953, as amended. To qualify as an agricultural building the structure must meet all requirements of § 58-56-4(1), U.C.A., 1953, as amended.

Alcoholic Beverages: Means and includes beer and liquor as defined in the State of Utah Alcoholic Beverage Control Act, as amended.

Alteration: Any change, addition, or modification in construction of a building or structure.

Animal Hospital: A facility for the diagnosis, treatment and hospitalization of animals, that may include indoor holding facilities only for the treatment and observation of animals but does not include any outdoor holding or boarding facilities, unless Outdoor Boarding Kennels are listed as an allowed use in the Zoning Use Matrix.

Apiary: Any place where one (1) or more colonies of bees are located.

Appeal Authority: The person, board, commission, agency, or other body designated by this Ordinance to decide an appeal of a decision of a Land Use Application or a Variance.

Applicant: Any person(s) presenting a Land Use Application for any Approval, Permit, or License required by a Land Use Ordinance.

Application/Land Use Application: Written requests for an Approval, Permit, or License and completed in a manner prescribed by this Ordinance for review and decision by a Land Use Authority.

Application, Complete: An Application that includes all information requested on the appropriate form, and payment of all applicable fees.

Application, Incomplete: An Application that lacks information requested on the appropriate form, or lacks the payment of all applicable fees.

Architectural Projection: Any projection which is not intended for occupancy and which extends beyond the face of an exterior wall of a building, but shall not include signs.

Assembly, Place of: The use of land for a meeting place where persons gather together for purposes of attending civic, social, religious functions, recreational events or entertainment performances on a regular or recurring basis including, but not limited to, religious institutions, banquet facilities, funeral homes, theaters, conference centers, stadiums, and indoor or outdoor recreational facilities.

Awning: A roofed structure placed to extend outward from the building providing a protective shield for doors, windows, and other openings supported by the building or other supports.

Base District: A Zoning District that establishes regulations governing land use and site development in a specific geographic area.

Basement: A story partly underground and having at least one-half (1/2) its height below the average level of the adjoining ground.

Bay Window: A window or series of windows forming a recess or bay from a room and projecting outward from the wall.

Beekeeper: A person who keeps honeybees in order to collect honey and beeswax and pollinate crops.

Beekeeping Equipment: Anything used in the operation of an apiary, such as hive bodies, supers, frames, veils, gloves, top and bottom boards, extractors or other equipment to handle or manipulate bees, honey, wax, or hives.

Berm: A mound of earth used as a site feature, or to shield, screen, and buffer uses, undesirable views and to separate land uses.

Best Management Practices (BMPs): A practice, or combination of practices, determined to be the most effective (including technological, economic, and institutional considerations) means of preventing or reducing disturbance or disruption to the natural environment.

Billboard: A freestanding sign designed or intended to direct attention to a business, product, or service that is not provided, sold, offered, or existing on the property where the sign is located.

Buildable Area: That area of a lot or parcel which is outside of any required setback areas and outside of any other areas regulated by this Ordinance.

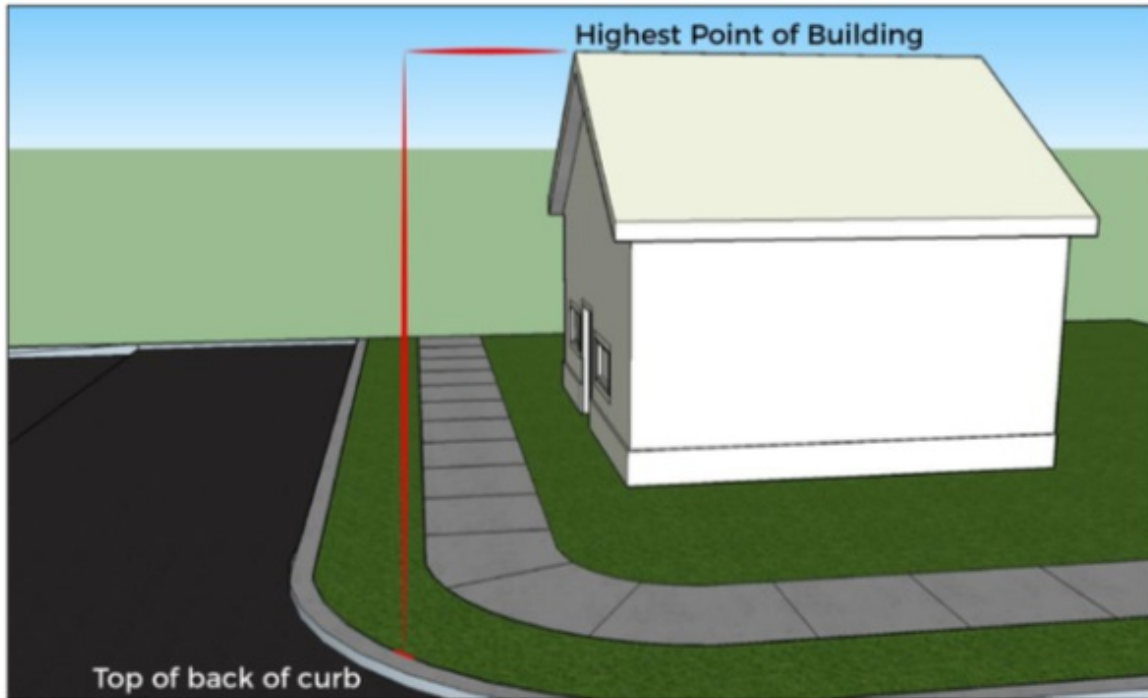
Building: Any structure, whether permanent or temporary, which is designed, intended, or used for occupancy by any person, business, animals, possessions, or for storage of property or materials of any kind.

Building Code: The International Building Code, as adopted by the city.

Building Facade: That portion of an exterior elevation of a building extending from the finished grade to the top of the parapet wall or eaves and the entire width of the building elevation.

Building Frontage: The horizontal, linear dimension of that side of a building abutting a street, a parking area, or other circulation area open to the public.

Building, Height: The vertical distance from the TOP OF THE BACK OF CURB to the highest point of the building or structure.



Building Line: The line circumscribing the buildable area of a lot.

Building Line, Front: A line parallel to the front lot line and at a distance there from equal to the required depth of the front yard setback and extending across the entire width of the lot or parcel.

Building Line, Rear: A line parallel to the rear lot line and at a distance there from equal to the required depth of the rear yard setback and extending across the entire width of the lot or parcel.

Building Line, Side: A line parallel to the side lot line and at a distance there from equal to the required depth of the side yard setback and extending between the front and rear building lines.

Building Official: The person charged with the administration and enforcement of the Building Code of the City of Vineyard, or designee.

Building Permit: A Permit authorizing a construction activity.

Business: Means and includes all trades, occupations, professions, or activities carried on within the city for the purpose of gain or economic profit.

Carport: Roof structures open on at least two sides and subject to all requirements prescribed for a garage.

Cannabis Production Establishment: See USC Section 26-61a-102 Definitions.

Car Wash: A facility that offers the washing of motor vehicles and motorcycles by either machine or hand-operated mechanisms used principally for the cleaning, washing, polishing, or waxing of motor vehicles not exceeding 10,000 pounds Gross Vehicle Weight. A facility of this type may be able to accommodate more than one vehicle at the same time.

Certificate of Occupancy: A certificate issued by the Building Official authorizing occupancy of a building or structure requiring a Building Permit.

Chemical Manufacturing, Storage, and Distribution (Existing): A use, existing and established in the ~~Town~~city on January 1, 2008 and engaged in making of chemical products from raw or partially finished materials and the storage and distribution of such chemical materials and that by reason of materials, processes, products or waste may be hazardous or that by the emission of odor, dust, smoke, gases, noise, vibration, glare, heat or other impacts may impact adjoining properties, and which may include the parking and storage of distribution vehicles, and accessory activities.

Chief Executive Officer: Means the Mayor of the City of Vineyard. **City Engineer:** A registered Civil Engineer so appointed by the city.

Clear View Area: Areas at intersecting streets and driveways where unobstructed vision is maintained, as required by this Ordinance.

Clinical Support Housing: Residential housing whose occupancy is restricted to persons who are registered or employed as a patient, student, or staff member associated with the clinical or educational program of the facility or campus in which the housing unit or dormitory is located.

Cluster Development: A design that locates buildings in specific areas of a site to allow the remaining land to be used, but not limited to, recreation, open space, and preservation of sensitive land areas.

Code: The City of Vineyard Municipal Code, as adopted.

Colony: Bees in any hive including queens, workers, or drones.

Commercial Kennel: An establishment where four (4) or more dogs, older than four (4) months, are kept for the purpose of boarding, breeding, raising or training dogs for a fee or on a nonprofit basis.

Commercial Plant Nursery: A use wholly, or partially, contained within one or more greenhouses where trees, shrubs, flowers, or vegetable plants are grown and sold to retail or wholesale customers.

Commercial Recreation, Indoor: A use, either public or private, providing amusement, pleasure, or sport, which is operated entirely within an enclosed building, including but not limited to live theater, and movie houses, indoor tennis, bowling, and skating, baseball batting cages, paintball, horse riding or similar activities. This use may include associated eating and drinking areas, retail sales areas and staff offices.

Commercial Recreation, Outdoor: An area or facility that offers entertainment or recreation outside. This use is limited to a golf driving range, baseball batting cages, riding arena, tennis facility, miniature golf, and swimming pool, and may include, as accessory uses, associated eating and drinking areas, retail sales areas and staff offices. This use specifically excludes shooting range, go-cart, motor vehicle and/or motorbike tracks, or similar activities that may create noise, dust, or other nuisances to adjoining and surrounding uses.

Commission: The Planning Commission of the City of Vineyard.

Common Area: Facilities and yards under common ownership.

Common Ownership: Ownership of the same property by different persons.

Commuter and Light Rail Facilities and Station: A rail transit system that covers long distances, usually with less frequent station spacing and train times than light rail that runs on a separate right-of-way from cars, and often sharing an existing freight corridor. Light rail transit systems can run along city streets or in a separate right-of-way. Station areas are located along the transit lines to link park-and-ride lots with the transit system.

Composting Facility: A facility where organic materials are converted into a humus-like material under a process of managed biological decomposition or mechanical processes. Normal backyard composting and composting incidental to agricultural operations are exempted from this use classification.

Conditional Use: A land use that, because of its unique characteristics or potential impact on the municipality, surrounding neighbors, or adjacent land uses, may not be compatible in some areas, or may be compatible only if certain conditions are required that mitigate or eliminate the detrimental impacts.

Constitutional Taking: A governmental action that results in a taking of private property so that compensation to the owner of the property is required by the:

1. Fifth or Fourteenth Amendment of the Constitution of the United States; or
2. Utah Constitution Article I, Section 22.

Construction: The materials, architecture, assembly, and installation of a building or structure.

Construction Activity: All grading, excavation, construction, grubbing, or other site preparation or development activity which disturbs or changes the natural vegetation, grade, or any existing building or structure, or the act of adding an addition to an existing building or structure, or the erection of a new primary or accessory building or structure on a lot or parcel.

Construction Sales and Service: An establishment engaged in the retail or wholesale sale of materials and services used in the construction of buildings or other structures. Typical uses include lumberyards, home improvement centers, lawn and garden supply stores, electrical, plumbing, air conditioning and heating supply stores.

Contractor's Office/Storage Yard: A facility providing building construction and maintenance services including carpentry, plumbing, roofing, electrical, air conditioning and heating, with a base of operations and which may include the indoor and outdoor storage of building materials, equipment, or vehicles used by the construction business.

Corral: A space, yard, or other unenclosed area, other than a building, used for the confinement of animals.

Council: The City Council of the City of Vineyard.

County: The unincorporated area of Utah County, or the Board of County Commissioners of Utah, Utah.

Cul-de-sac: A street with only one (1) outlet and an area for the safe and convenient turning around of traffic.

Culinary Water Authority: The department, agency, or public entity with responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of the culinary water system and sources for the subject property.

Cut: The process of lowering the natural grade of the ground, or the depth or the volume of such material removal.

Daycare Facility, Commercial: A facility, operated by a person qualified and licensed by the State of Utah, which provides children with day care and/or preschool instruction as a commercial business and complying with all applicable State standards and licensing and having regularly scheduled, ongoing enrollment for direct or indirect compensation that provides child care for less than twenty-four (24) hours per day. Commercial Daycare Facilities excludes the following:

1. Kindergartens or nursery schools or other daytime programs operated by public or private elementary or secondary schools or institutions of higher learning;
2. Facilities operated in connection with a fitness center, shopping center or other activity where children are cared for temporarily while parents or custodians of the children are occupied on the premises or are in the immediate vicinity and readily available;
3. Special activities or programs, including athletics, crafts instruction and similar activities, conducted on a periodic basis by civic, charitable, private, or governmental organizations; or
4. Clearly identified as an Accessory Use.

Decibel (dB): A unit of measure used to express intensity of noise.

Declaration: The legal instrument by which property is subjected to the provisions of the State of Utah Condominium Ownership Act, or a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions.

Dedication: The setting aside of land by an owner for any public use for the enjoyment of the public and owned by a public agency.

Demolish or Demolition: Any act or process that destroys in part or in whole a building or structure.

Density: The intensity or number of nonresidential and residential uses expressed in terms of unit equivalents per acre or lot or units per acre.

Density, Base: The number of dwelling units per acre allowed by a Zoning District.

Density, Incentive: The number of additional dwelling units per acre allowed in addition to the base density.

Developer: Any person or organization that develops, or intends to develop or sell property for the purpose of future development subject to the provisions of this Ordinance, or other Land Use Ordinances.

Development Activity: Any of the following: (a) Any man-made change to improved or unimproved lands, including but not limited to buildings or structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations; (b) Any construction, reconstruction, or expansion of a building, structure, or use; (c) Any change in the use of a building or structure; (d) Any change in the use of land that creates additional demand and need for public facilities or services; (e) The act of subdividing; or (f) The act, process or result of developing.

Development Agreement: A contract between an Applicant or owner and the Council pursuant to the provisions in this Ordinance.

Development Site: The perimeters and total area of a tract, lot, or parcel of land intended to be used for a development activity.

Development Standards: Established regulations concerning lot areas, yard setbacks, building height, lot coverage, open space and any other special regulations deemed necessary to accomplish the purpose of this Ordinance or other Land Use Ordinances.

Disability: Disability means a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more of a person's major life activities, including a person having a record of such impairment or being regarded as having such impairment. (§ 57-21-2(9)(a) U.C.A., 1953, as amended). Disability does not include current illegal use of, or addiction to any Federally controlled substance, as defined in Section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act, 21 U.S.C. 802. (§ 57-21-2(9)(b) U.C.A., 1953, as amended). Disability does not include placement in lieu of confinement, rehabilitation, or treatment in a correctional facility.

Distribution Center: A facility where the storage and distribution of goods and materials occurs inside a fully enclosed building and which may include the parking and storage of distribution vehicles, and accessory activities.

Domestic Livestock and Fowl: Limited to domesticated horse (*Equus caballus*), domesticated cattle (*Bos taurus* and *Bos indica*), domesticated sheep (*Ovis aries*), domesticated goat (*Capra hircus*) and domestic fowl. Domestic Livestock and Fowl do not include inherently or potentially dangerous animals, fowl, reptiles, or exotic animals.

Driveway: A private access, the use of which is limited to persons residing, employed, or otherwise using or visiting the parcel on which it is located.

Drive-Through Facility: A facility which by design, physical facilities, service or packaging procedures, encourages or permits customers to transact business or receive services or goods while remaining in their motor vehicles.

Dwelling, Accessory Unit: An attached dwelling unit to a single-family home, or located above a detached garage serving a single-family home which is located on the same lot as the single-family home designed to be clearly subordinate to the principle dwelling. An accessory dwelling unit provides complete, independent living facilities with a separate dwelling entrance than the principle dwelling.

Dwelling, Accessory Unit for Owner or Employee: An attached, or detached, dwelling unit for an employee or owner and incidental and clearly subordinate to the existing primary building or use and located on the same lot as the primary building or use.

Dwelling, Condominium: An individually owned dwelling unit, the ownership of which includes an undivided interest in the land and other common areas and facilities, as provided and recorded in a property deed or other instrument, as required by Utah law, and which is typically maintained by an association of the owners. Must meet allowed density requirements.

Dwelling, Multiple-Family: A building containing three (3) or more dwelling units.

Dwelling, Single-Family: A building containing one (1) dwelling unit.

Dwelling, Two-Family: A building containing two (2) attached dwelling units.

Dwelling Unit: A building, occupied by no more than one (1) family as defined herein, containing one (1) or more rooms and one (1) kitchen and including areas for living and sleeping, designed to be used for human occupancy, and complying with all provisions of the Building Code.

Dwelling Unit, Manufactured: A transportable factory built housing unit constructed on or after June 15, 1976, according to the Federal Home Construction and Safety Standards Act of 1974 (HUD Code), in one or more Sections, which, in the traveling mode, is eight (8) feet or more in width or forty (40) feet or more in length, or when erected on site, is four hundred (400) or more square feet, and which is built on a permanent chassis and is designed to be used as a dwelling unit with, or without a permanent foundation, when connected to the required utilities, and includes the plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems.

To meet the requirements of this Ordinance and State laws, when erected on the site the home must be at least 24 feet in width at the narrowest dimension, have exterior and roofing materials acceptable to the Building Code, as adopted by the City of Vineyard, have a minimum roof pitch of 2:12, and be located on a permanent foundation, in accordance with plans providing for vertical loads, uplift, and lateral forces and frost protection in compliance with the Building Code. All appendages, including carports, garages, storage buildings, additions, or alterations must be built in compliance with the Building Code. The manufactured dwelling must be connected to the required utilities, including plumbing, heating, air-conditioning, and electrical systems. All manufactured dwelling units constructed on or after June 15, 1976, shall be identifiable by the manufacturer's data plate bearing the date the unit was manufactured and a HUD label attached to the exterior of the home certifying the home was manufactured to HUD standards. A Manufactured Dwelling Unit shall be identified as real property on the property assessment rolls of Utah County.

Earth Station: A communication facility which transmits and/or receives signals to and from an orbiting satellite using satellite dish antennas.

Easement: That portion of a lot, parcel, or tract reserved for present or future use by a person or agency other than the fee owner(s) of the property. The easement may be for use under, on, or above said lot, parcel, or tract.

Educational Facility: Public schools, colleges or universities qualified by the State of Utah Board of Regents or State of Utah Board of Education to provide academic instruction. Privately owned buildings and uses for educational activities that has a curriculum for technical or vocational training, kindergarten, elementary, secondary or higher education.

Elderly Person: A person who is 60 years old or older, who desires or needs to live with other elderly persons in a group setting, but who is capable of living independently.

Emergency Care Facility: A facility or licensed healthcare provider providing emergency medical or dental or similar examination, diagnosis, treatment and care on an outpatient basis only.

Environmental Remediation: Removal and processing of on-site waste and/or contaminated materials for the purposes of remediation of the site for future use. All uses in this category are considered temporary for the duration of the remediation process and do not include importation of waste for processing. Such uses shall comply with the provisions for separation of uses and performance standards contained herein.

EPA: The United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Escrow: A deposit of cash with the city, or approved alternate in lieu of cash, held to ensure the performance of a task or a maintenance guarantee.

Excavation: The removal of boulders, gravel, rocks, earth, or similar naturally occurring deposits from its natural position.

External Illumination: Lighting that illuminates a building or structure, parking area, or other outside area from a location outside of the building or structure.

Family: A person living alone, or any of the following groups living together as a single housekeeping unit and sharing common living, sleeping, cooking and eating facilities: (a) Any number of people who are related by blood, marriage, adoption, or court sanctioned guardianship together with any incidental domestic or support staff who may or may not reside on the premises; or (b) four (4) unrelated people; or (c) two (2) unrelated people and any children related to either of them. "Family" does not include any group of individuals whose association is temporary or seasonal in nature or who are in a group living arrangement because of criminal offenses.

Farmer's Market: An area used for the sale of fresh produce and related food items, which may have outdoor storage and sales. A farmers' market may provide space for one or more vendors.

Fence: A barrier or obstruction of any material, with the purpose or intent, or having the effect, of preventing passage or view across the fence line.

Fence, Open: A fence which permits vision through more than fifty percent (50%) of each square foot more than eight (8) inches above the natural or finished grade.

Fence, Sight Obscuring: A fence which permits no vision (0%) through any part of the fence more than eight (8) inches above the natural or finished grade.

Fill: The process of raising the natural grade of the ground, or the depth or the volume of such material.

Financial Institution: A financial company or corporation providing the extension of credit, and the custody, loan or exchange of money; but not including Pawnshops.

Fiscal Impact Analysis: An analysis that describes the current or anticipated effect upon the public costs and revenues imposed by a development activity.

Flammable Liquids or Gases Manufacture, Storage and Distribution: A facility which may produce, store and/or distribute flammable liquids and gases and which may include the parking and storage of distribution vehicles, and accessory activities.

Flood or Flooding: A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:

1. The overflow of inland waters; including streams, creeks and rivers and/or
2. The unusual and rapid accumulation or runoff of surface waters from any source.

Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM): An official map of a community on which the United States Federal Emergency Management Agency has delineated areas of flood hazard.

Flood Insurance Study: The official report provided by the United States Federal Emergency Management Agency that include flood profiles, the Flood Boundary-Floodway Map, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

Flood Plain, 100 Year: An area where a peak flow magnitude has about a 1 percent (1%) chance of being equaled, or exceeded in any year. The area is based on statistical analysis of stream flow records available for the watershed and analysis of rainfall and runoff characteristics in the general region of the watershed. The flood would have an average frequency of occurrence of about once in one hundred (100) years.

Floor Area, (Gross Floor Area): The sum of the footage contained within all buildings or structures on a site measured from the outside wall surfaces and including basements, garages, porches, utility rooms, stairways, recreation rooms and storage rooms, but excluding unroofed balconies and patios.

Floor Area, (Net Floor Area): The sum of the footage contained within all buildings or structures on a site measured from the inside wall surfaces including basements but excluding, garages, porches, utility rooms, stairways, storage rooms, and unroofed balconies and patios.

Floor Area, (Total): The sum of the gross floor area of all floors of a building and its accessory buildings located on the same lot. All dimensions shall be measured from the exterior faces of the exterior walls.

Floor Area Ratio: The total gross floor area of a building divided by the area of the lot on which it is located.

Foot Candle: A unit for measuring the amount of illumination on a surface.

Frontage: All the property fronting on one (1) side of the street between intersecting or intercepting streets, measured along the street line.

Funeral Home: An establishment where the dead are prepared for burial or cremation and which may include areas for embalming, performing of autopsies and the storage of funeral supplies and vehicles and where funerals may be held.

Garage: An accessory building used for the storage of motor vehicles.

General Plan: The City of Vineyard General Plan, as adopted.

Geologic Hazard: A hazard inherent in the crust of the earth, or artificially created, which is dangerous, or potentially dangerous to life, property or improvements, due to the movement, subsidence, or shifting of the earth. The term includes, but is not limited to, unstable slopes, faulting, landslides, and rock falls.

Golf Course: An area used for the purposes of playing golf, but which may include associated restaurants, commercial retail sales areas, and course maintenance facilities.

Grade, Finished: The finished elevation of the surface of the land after the completion of any development activity or other excavation.

Grade, Natural: The elevation of the surface of the land prior to any development activity or excavation.

Grading: An excavation, cut or fill, or the act of excavating, either cutting or filling.

Groundwater: Any water that may be drawn from the ground.

Groundwater Discharge Area: An area where the direction of groundwater movement is upward from the principal aquifer to the shallow unconfined aquifer.

Grubbing: The removal or destruction of vegetation, including disturbance to the root system or soil surface by mechanical, chemical, or other means.

Guarantee: Any form of security including cash, a letter of credit, or an escrow agreement in an amount and form satisfactory to the city.

Hard-Surfaced: Covered with concrete, brick, asphalt, or other impervious material.

Hazardous Waste: A material as defined by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Health and Fitness Facility: A business or membership organization providing exercise facilities and/or nonmedical personal services to patrons, including, but not limited to, gymnasiums, private clubs (athletic, health, or recreational), tanning salons, and weight control establishments.

Health Department: The Utah County Health Department.

Heliport: An area used for the landing and taking off of rotary wing aircraft but not including the regular repair or maintenance of such aircraft or the sale of goods or materials to users of such aircraft.

Hive: A frame hive, box hive, barrel, log, gum skep, or other artificial or natural receptacle that may be used to house bees.

Holiday Decorations: Displays of a primarily decorative nature commonly associated with any national, Local, or religious holiday.

Home Day Care: The care of children who are family and non-family members in an occupied dwelling unit, and complying with all State standards and licensing, by a resident of the dwelling unit at least twice a week for more than three (3) children, but fewer than ten (10) children. The total number of children being cared for shall include children under the age of four (4) years residing in the dwelling unit, who are under the supervision of the provider during the period of time the childcare is provided. When a caregiver cares for only three (3) children under age two (2), the group size, at any given time shall not exceed six (6). If there are eight or more children, there must be two or more providers present.

Home Occupation: An activity carried out for gain by a resident of the dwelling unit, identified, and conducted in compliance with the requirements of this Ordinance, as applicable.

Home Preschool: A preschool program complying with all State standards and licensing for non-family members in an occupied dwelling unit, by residents of that dwelling unit, in which lessons are provided for not more than ten (10) children for each session of instruction. If there are eight or more children, there must be two or more providers present. Sessions shall last for not more than four (4) hours and shall not overlap. Individual children may attend only one (1) preschool session in any 24-hour period.

Honeybee: The common honeybee, *Apis mellifera* species or any hybrid thereof, at any stage of development, but not including the African honeybee.

Hospital: A facility licensed by the State of Utah Department of Health providing health services primarily for human inpatient, medical and/or surgical care for the sick or injured, and including the related facilities such as laboratories, outpatient departments, training facilities, central service facilities, and staff offices which are an integral part of the facilities.

Hotel: A building and associated facilities offering overnight accommodations for guests, with access provided through a common entrance, lobby or hallway to individual guestrooms, and which may include additional services, such as restaurants, conference and meeting rooms, entertainment, and recreational facilities.

Household Pets, Noncommercial: Domesticated animals and birds ordinarily allowed in a dwelling unit and kept for company or pleasure of the owner, including, but not limited to dogs, cats, and caged birds. Household Pets do not include domestic livestock or fowl, as defined herein or inherently or potentially dangerous animals, fowl, reptiles, or exotic animals.

Hybrid Production Facility: A commercial operation or use, on one or more premises where finished consumer goods are manufactured or produced and those same goods are offered for sale to the general public. Hybrid production facilities must be similar in size, scale and scope of operation with adjacent or nearby uses.

Identical Plans: Means building plans submitted to the City of Vineyard that are substantially identical to building plans that were previously submitted to and reviewed and approved by the City of Vineyard Building Official and describe a building that is:

1. Located on land zoned the same as the land on which the building described in the

- previously approved plans is located; and
2. Subject to the same geological and meteorological conditions and the same law as the building described in the previously approved plans.

Illegal Building/Structure: A building or structure, or portion thereof, established without securing the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by this Ordinance, the adopted Building Code, or their prior enactments.

Illegal Lot: A lot created that has not received the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by the city's Land Use Ordinances.

Illegal Use: A use established without receiving the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by the city's Land Use Ordinances.

Impact Analysis: A determination of the potential effect(s), including but not limited to environmental, fiscal, social, matters, etc. upon the city or a Section of the city.

Impervious Material or Surface: Material that is impenetrable by water.

Improvements: Curbs, gutters, streets, roads, sidewalks, utilities, grading, paving, landscaping, water and sewer systems, drainage systems, fences, fire hydrants, street lights, parks, public facilities, amenities and other such requirements of this Ordinance.

Intensity: The degree of a quantitative or qualitative measurement associated with a use of land or building.

Internal Illumination: Lighting by means of a light source that is located within a building structure, or other object including a sign, or portions or letters of a sign.

Kennel, Commercial: A facility providing for indoor commercial boarding, grooming or training of household pets not owned by the owner or occupant of the premises.

Kennel, Outdoor Commercial: A facility providing for the indoor and/or outdoor commercial boarding, grooming or training of household pets not owned by the owner or occupant of the premises.

Land Use: The manner in which land is occupied or used.

Land Use Application: All Applications required by this Ordinance, and the city's other Land Use Ordinances, and required to initiate the review procedures for any required Approval, License, or Permit by a Land Use Authority.

Land Use Approval: Any authorization received from a Land Use Authority that permits the commencement of a development activity.

Land Use Authority: Means a person, board, commission, agency, or other body designated by the Council to act on a Land Use Application.

Land Use Ordinance: Means a planning, Zoning, development, or subdivision Ordinance of the City of Vineyard, including this Ordinance, but does not include the City of Vineyard General Plan.

Landscaping: Materials and treatments that include naturally growing elements such as grass, trees, shrubs, and flowers. Landscaping may also include the use of rocks, fountains, benches, and contouring of the earth when authorized by a Land Use Authority.

Laundry, Commercial: An establishment primarily engaged in the provision of laundering, dry cleaning, or dyeing services other than retail services establishments. Typical uses include bulk laundry and cleaning plants, diaper services, and linen supply services.

Laundry, Self Service or Dry Cleaning: An establishment providing home-type washing, drying, and/or ironing machines, household laundry and dry-cleaning services.

Legal Building/Structure: A building or structure, or portion thereof, established after receiving the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by the Land Use Ordinances and complying with the requirements of the Land Use Ordinances and Building Code.

Liquor Store: An establishment owned and operated by the State of Utah and primarily engaged in the sale of alcoholic beverages.

Lot, Legal: A lot that has received the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by the city's Land Use Ordinances, or their prior enactments.

Legal Lot of Record: Any lot, parcel or tract of land that existed, as recorded in the Office of the Utah County Recorder, with a separate property identification number as provided by the Office of the Utah County Recorder and Office of the Utah County Assessor, prior to the date of the adoption of the first Vineyard Subdivision Ordinance, and all lots, parcels, and tracts of land that were legally created pursuant to the subdivision requirements of the city's Land Use Ordinances and the laws of the State of Utah after the date of the adoption of the first City of Vineyard Subdivision Ordinance.

Legal Use: A use complying with the requirements of this Ordinance.

Legislative Body: The City Council of Vineyard, Utah.

Light Source: A point of lumination that emits a measurable radiant energy in or near the visible spectrum.

Limits of Disturbance: The area of a lot, parcel, or tract of land in which all development activity or construction must be contained including all impervious surfaces, buildings, structures, parking areas, driveways, etc.

Lot: A parcel of land occupied or proposed to be occupied by a building or structure, together with such yards, open spaces, lot width and lot area as are required by this Ordinance.

Lot Area: The total land area of a lot, parcel, or tract of land.

Lot Coverage: The total horizontal area of a lot, parcel, or tract of land covered by any impervious surface, including buildings, structures, parking areas, driveways, etc.

Lot Depth: The horizontal distance from a front lot line to a rear lot line.

Lot, Interior: A lot, parcel, or tract of land, other than a corner lot.

Lot, Irregular: A lot whose rear property line is not generally parallel to the front property line such as a pie-shaped lot on a cul-de-sac, or where the side property lines are not parallel to each other.

Lot Line: A line bounding a lot, parcel, or tract of land that divides one (1) lot, parcel, or tract from another, or from a street. See also Property Line.

Lot Line Adjustment: The relocation of the lot line or property boundary line in a subdivision between two adjoining lots with the consent and agreement of the owners of record.

Lot Line, Front: A lot line separating a lot from an existing street right-of-way or, where a new street is proposed, the proposed street right-of-way line.

Lot Line, Rear: The lot line generally opposite and most distant from the front lot line.

Lot Line, Side: Any lot line that is not a front lot line or rear lot line. A side lot line separating one (1) lot from another is an interior side lot line.

Lot, Corner: A lot abutting on two (2) intersecting streets where the interior angle of intersection or interception does not exceed one hundred thirty-five degrees (135°).

Lot, Double Frontage: A lot abutting two (2) parallel or approximately parallel streets.

Lot, Illegal: A lot that has not received the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by the city's Land Use Ordinances and State laws, or their prior enactments.

Lot, Noncomplying (Legal): A lot, parcel or tract of land that: (a) Legally existed before its current Zoning designation; and (b) Has been shown as a separate lot, parcel, or tract continuously on the records of the Utah County Recorder as an independent parcel since the time the Zoning requirements governing the lot, parcel or tract changed; and (c) Because of subsequent Zoning changes does not now conform with the requirements of the Zoning District in which the lot, parcel or tract is located.

Lot, Noncomplying (Illegal): A lot, parcel or tract of land that: (a) Was created without receiving the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by the city's Land Use Ordinances and State laws, and their prior enactments, and (b) Does not conform with the requirements of the Zoning District in which the lot, parcel or tract is located.

Lot Width: For an interior lot or parcel, the shorter of horizontal distance between side lot lines, measured at the required front yard setback line or rear setback line. For a corner lot, the distance between one (1) of the front lot lines and the opposite side yard line at the required setback line.

LUDMA: Means the “Municipal Land Use, Development, and Management Act,” as provided by Chapter 10-9a, U.C.A., 1953, as amended.

Lumen: A measurement of light output or the amount of light emitting from a luminaire.
Luminaire: A lighting unit consisting of a light source and all necessary mechanical, electrical, decorative, light shielding and hooded parts.

Luminaire, Cutoff-Type: A luminaire with shields, reflectors, refractors, or other such elements that direct and cut-off emitted light.

Luminaire, Shielded, Fully: Luminaires that are constructed so that no light rays are emitted at angles above the horizontal plane, as certified by a photometric test report.

Luminaire, Shielded, Partially: Luminaires that are constructed so that no more than ten percent (10%) of the light rays are emitted at angles above the horizontal plane, as certified by a photometric test report.

Manufacturing, Heavy: The assembly, fabrication or processing of large or bulky goods and materials which typically require extensive building areas or land areas using raw materials or previously prepared materials, using processes and that may have impacts on the use and enjoyment of adjacent property in terms of noise, smoke, fumes, odors, glare, or health and safety hazards.

Manufacturing, Light: The assembly, fabrication or processing of goods and materials using processes that are not offensive or create any odor, dust, smoke, noxious gases, noise, vibration, glare, heat or other impacts to adjacent property, nor create any health and safety hazards by way of materials, process, product or waste, and where all assembly, storage, fabrication or processing is conducted within a building or structure and where all, equipment, compressors, generators and other ancillary equipment is located within a building or structure.

Medical Clinic: An organization of doctors, dentists, or other health care professional providing physical or mental health service and medical or surgical care of the sick or injured but which does not include in-patient or overnight accommodations.

Medical Laboratory: An establishment that conducts basic medical or dental research and analysis. This term does not include a facility providing any type of in-house patient services typically provided by hospitals and clinics.

Mixed Use: The location and arrangement of a combination of compatible residential and nonresidential uses on the same lot or within the same building, and complying with the requirements of this Ordinance.

Model Home: A dwelling unit having all of the following characteristics:

1. The dwelling unit is constructed upon a lot in a subdivision for which a Final Plat has been recorded.
2. The dwelling unit is intended to be temporarily utilized as an example of the dwelling units that are proposed to be built in the same subdivision.

Moderate Income Housing: Housing occupied or reserved for occupancy by households with a gross household income equal to or less than eighty percent (80%) of the median gross income for households of the same size in Utah County.

Moderate Income Housing Plan: A written document conforming to the requirements of LUDMA.

Monument: A permanent survey marker established by the Utah County Surveyor and/or a survey marker set in accordance with the City Engineer's specifications and referenced to Utah County survey monuments.

Motel: A building or group of buildings containing guest rooms, some or all of which have a separate entrance leading directly from the outside of the building with a garage or parking space located on the same lot and designed, used or intended wholly or in part for the overnight accommodations of guests and their vehicles.

Motor Home: A unit primarily designed as a temporary dwelling for recreational and vacation use, which is either self-propelled or is mounted on or pulled by another vehicle, including, but not limited to, a travel trailer, a camping trailer, a truck camper, a motor home, a fifth wheel trailer, and a caravan.

Motor Vehicle Fueling Station: A facility providing the retail sale and direct delivery to motor vehicles of fuel, including electric charging stations, lubricants and minor accessories, and retail sales for the convenience of the motoring public.

Municipality: The City of Vineyard, Utah, or other incorporated area.

Museum: An institution for the acquisition, preservation, study and exhibition of works of artistic, historical or scientific value and for which any sales relating to such exhibits are incidental and accessory to the exhibits presented.

Natural Features: Non-man-made land characteristics, including but not limited to slopes, wetlands, streams, rock outcropping, lava fields, intermittent drainage channels, and vegetation.

Natural State: Land that has not been subjected to grading, removal of vegetation or any development activity.

Natural Vegetation: Vegetation existing on a lot or parcel prior to any grading, development activity or man-made plantings.

Natural Waterways: Those areas, varying in width, along the course of a permanent or intermittent river, stream, creek, or gully.

Nominal Fee: A fee that reasonably reimburses the city only for time spent and expenses incurred in:

1. Verifying that building plans are identical plans; and
2. Reviewing and approving those minor aspects of identical plans that differ from the previously reviewed and approved building plans.

Noncombustible Material: Any material that will not ignite at or below a temperature of one thousand two hundred degrees Fahrenheit (1,200°F) during an exposure of five (5) minutes, and will not continue to burn or glow at that temperature.

Noncomplying Structure: A structure that:

1. Legally existed before its current land use designation; and
2. Because of one or more subsequent land use Ordinance changes, does not conform to the setback, height restrictions, or other regulations, excluding those regulations, which govern the use of land.

Nonconforming Use: A use of land that:

1. Legally existed before its current land use designation;
2. Has been maintained continuously since the time the land use Ordinance governing the land changed; and
3. Because of one or more subsequent Land Use Ordinance changes, does not conform to the regulations that now govern the use of the land.

Nonresidential Uses: Means the uses identified in the Tables of Uses – Nonresidential Zoning Districts.

Nonresidential Zoning District/Nonresidential Zones: Means the Commercial Districts and Industrial Districts.

Nursing Care Facility: A healthcare facility, other than a hospital, constructed, licensed and operated to provide patient living accommodations, twenty-four (24) hour staff availability, and at least two (2) of the following patient services:

1. a selection of patient care services, under the direction and supervision of a registered nurse, ranging from continuous medical, skilled nursing, psychological or other professional therapies to intermittent health related or paraprofessional personal care services;
2. a structured, supportive social living environment based on a professionally designed and supervised treatment plan, oriented to the individual's habilitation or rehabilitation needs; or
3. a supervised living environment that provides support, training or assistance with individual activities of daily living.

Nursing Home, Convalescent Care Center: A facility that provides 24-hour residential care to persons who are not related by blood, marriage, or adoption to the owner, operator, or manager of the facility. A Nursing Home or Convalescent Care Center provides some level of skilled nursing or medical service to the residents.

Office: A type of business use where a building, room, or other space and where executive, management, administrative or professional services are provided, except medical services, and excluding the sale of merchandise, except as incidental to a principal use. Typical uses include real estate brokers, insurance agencies, investment firms, employment agencies, travel agencies, advertising agencies, secretarial services, data processing, professional or consulting services in the fields of law, architecture, design, engineering, accounting and similar professions; interior decorating consulting services; and business offices of private companies, utility companies, trade associations, unions and nonprofit organizations.

Official Map: A map adopted by the Council and recorded in the Utah County Recorder's Office that:

1. Shows actual and proposed rights-of-way, centerline alignments, and setbacks for highways and other transportation facilities;
2. Provides a basis for restricting development in designated rights-of-way or between designated setbacks to allow the government authorities time to purchase or otherwise reserve the land; and
3. Has been adopted as an element of the City of Vineyard General Plan.

Official Zoning Map/Zoning Districts Map: The map adopted by the Council showing the geographic location of Zoning Districts.

Off-Street: Entirely outside of any city right-of-way, street, access easement, or any private access drives.

Open Space: Land areas that are not occupied by buildings, structures, parking areas, streets, or roads. Open space may be devoted to landscaping, preservation of natural features, and recreational areas and facilities.

Outdoor Display of Products or Merchandise: The storage of goods or product in an open, unenclosed area, including but not limited to, automotive, truck, recreational vehicle, trailer, and manufactured home sales lots, repair yards, open storage areas, and all similar outside display and storage areas of goods, materials, equipment, and vehicles.

Overlay District: A Zoning District, with its accompanying requirements, that is applied to an area that may place additional development standards on a Zoning District. Development in an overlay District must conform to the base District as well as the overlay Zoning requirements.

Owner: Any person who alone, jointly or severally with others, has a legal or equitable title to property.

Parcel of Land: An area of land, with a separate property identification number, as provided by the Office of the Utah County Recorder.

Park: A playground, or other area or open space providing opportunities for active or passive recreational or leisure activities.

Park and Ride Facility: A parking area and transit facility, the purpose of which is to allow the parking of motor vehicles with a connection to mass transit service.

Park Strip: The area located between the edge of asphalt or curb and the sidewalk, trail, or property line.

Parking Area/Parking Lot: An enclosed or unenclosed area, other than a street, and used or designed for the parking of four (4) or more vehicles.

Parking Space: An enclosed or unenclosed area used for parking or storage of one (1) automobile.

Pawnshop: Any person or establishment engaged in any of the following:

1. Lending money on deposit of personal property;
2. Dealing in the purchase, exchange, or possession of personal property on condition of selling the same back again to the pledger or depositor;
3. Lending or advancing of money on personal property by taking chattel mortgage security thereon and taking or receiving possession of such personal property; or
4. Selling unredeemed pledged personal property together with such new merchandise as will facilitate the sale of such property.

Permitted Use: For the purposes of this Ordinance shall include P-1 and P-2 Uses.

Personal Care Service: An establishment primarily engaged in the provision of frequently or recurrently needed services of a personal nature. Typical uses include beauty and barbershops, custom tailoring and seamstress shops, electrolysis studios, portrait studios, shoe repair shops, tailors, tanning and nail salons, and weight loss centers. The term excludes "Tattoo Establishment."

Person: An individual, corporation, partnership, organization, association, trust, governmental agency, or any other legal entity.

Pervious Material or Surface: Material that is penetrable by water.

Pharmacy: Any place where prescription drugs are dispensed, but does not include the dispensing of medical cannabis or associated products.

Pharmacy, Medical Cannabis: [See USC Section 26-61a-102 Definitions.](#)

Planning Commission: The Planning Commission of the City of Vineyard, Utah.

Plat: A map or other graphical representation of lands being laid out and prepared in accordance with LUDMA.

Plat, Final: A drawing prepared in accordance with the Land Use Ordinances showing the final design of a land division and complying with all standards and requirements of best surveying practice and in a form required by the Utah County Recorder's Office for recordation.

Plat, Preliminary: A drawing prepared in accordance with the Land Use Ordinances showing the design of a proposed land division.

Power Plant: An electrical energy generating facility with generating capacity of more than 50 megawatts and any appurtenant and associated facilities.

Primary Building: The principal building located on a lot, parcel, or tract of land and designed or used to accommodate the primary use.

Primary Use: The principal purpose for which a lot, parcel, tract, or building is designed, arranged or intended, or for which it is occupied or maintained.

Private Club: Any nonprofit corporation operating as a social club, recreational, fraternal or athletic association, or kindred association organized primarily for the benefit of its stockholders or members. A Private Club that serves liquor shall maintain compliance with all applicable state laws.

Private Drive: A non-dedicated thoroughfare used exclusively for private access to a lot, parcel, or tract of land.

Property: Any lot, parcel, or tract of land, including improvements thereon, and recorded as real property in the Office of the Utah County Recorder.

Property Line: The boundary line of a lot, parcel, or tract.

Public: That which is under the ownership or control of the United States Government, Utah State or any subdivision thereof, Utah County, or the City of Vineyard (or any departments or agencies thereof).

Public Art: Original tangible works created by an artist for the purpose of enhancing public space. These works include, but not limited to paintings, murals, inscriptions, stained glass, fiber work, statues, reliefs or other sculpture, and monuments.

~~**Public Use:** A use operated exclusively by a public body or quasi-public body, such use having the purpose of serving the public health, safety, or general welfare, and including streets, parks, recreational facilities, administrative and service facilities, and public utilities, and found to conform to the General Plan, as adopted. Public Uses and Utilities do not include “Major Facility of a Public Utility,” as defined herein.~~

Public Hearing: A hearing at which citizens of the City and members of the public are provided a reasonable opportunity to comment on the subject of the hearing.

Public Improvement: Any street dedications, installations of curb, gutter, sidewalk, road base and asphalt, water, sewer, and storm drainage facilities, or other utility or service required to provide services to a lot, parcel, building, or structure.

Public Meeting: A meeting that is required to be open to the public under Title 52, Chapter 4, Open and Public Meetings.

Public Use: A use operated exclusively by a public body or quasi-public body, such use having the purpose of serving the public health, safety, or general welfare, and including streets, parks, recreational facilities, administrative and service facilities, and public utilities, and found to conform to the General Plan, as adopted. Public Uses and Utilities do not include “Major Facility of a Public Utility,” as defined herein.

Qualified Professional: A professionally trained person with the requisite academic degree, experience, and professional certification or License in the field or fields relating to the matter being studied or analyzed.

Quasi-Public Use: A use operated by a private nonprofit educational, religious, recreational, charitable, or philanthropic institution, serving the public.

Reasonable Accommodation: A change in a rule, policy, practice, or service necessary to afford a person equal opportunity to use and enjoy a dwelling. As used in this definition “Reasonable” means a requested accommodation will not undermine the legitimate purposes of existing Zoning regulations notwithstanding the benefit that the accommodation would provide to a person with a disability, “Necessary” means the Applicant must show that, but for the accommodation, one or more persons with a disability likely will be denied an equal opportunity to enjoy housing of their choice, “Equal Opportunity” means achieving equal results as between a person with a disability and a non-disabled person.

Record of Survey Map: A map of a survey of land prepared in accordance with the laws of the State of Utah.

Reception Hall, Reception Center: A facility for the holding of events including but not limited to weddings, wedding receptions, community meetings, and group gatherings.

Recreational and Manufactured Home Standard: A standard adopted by the American National Standards Institute or the national fire protection association for recreational vehicles, and for mobile homes manufactured prior to June 15, 1976. For manufactured homes built after June 16, 1976, "standard" means the standard adopted pursuant to the National Manufactured Housing Construction and Safety Standards Act, 1974, as amended.

Recreational Vehicle: A vehicular unit primarily designed for recreational and vacation use, which is either self-propelled or is mounted on or pulled by another vehicle, including but not limited to a travel trailer, a camping trailer, a truck camper, a motor home, boat, a fifth-wheel trailer and a caravan.

Recycling Collection Center: A use, often accessory in nature, providing designated containers for the collection, sorting and temporary storage of recoverable resources (such as paper, glass, metal and plastic products) to be transferred to a recycling processing facility. Recycling Collection Centers involve no more than 3 collection containers up to 40 cubic yards in total size. The operator of the collection center shall keep the collection center in proper repair and the exterior must have a neat and clean appearance.

Recycling Processing Facility: A facility where recyclable and organic materials are collected, stored and processed. Processing includes but is not limited to baling, briquetting, compacting, flattening, crushing, mechanical sorting, shredding, and cleaning. Recycling Processing Facility does not include Salvage Yard.

Residence: A dwelling unit or other place where an individual or family is living at a given point in time and not a place of temporary sojourn or transient visit.

Residence for Persons with a Disability that are Substance Abuse Facilities located within 500 feet of a School: A residence in which more than one (1) person with a disability resides; and is Licensed or certified by the Department of Human Services under Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities; or is Licensed or certified by the Department of Health under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act. See definition of Disability.

Residential Activity: Any building, structure, or portion thereof that is designed for or used for residential purposes and any activity involving the use of occupancy of a lot or structure for residential purposes.

Residential Facility for Elderly Persons: A single-family or multiple-family dwelling unit that meets the requirements of LUDMA.

Residential Facility for Persons with a Disability: A residence in which more than one (1) person with a disability resides; and is Licensed or certified by the Department of Human Services under Title 62A, Chapter 2, Licensure of Programs and Facilities; or is Licensed or certified by the Department of Health under Title 26, Chapter 21, Health Care Facility Licensing and Inspection Act. See definition of Disability.

Residential Lease, Short Term: The use, occupancy, rent or lease, for direct or indirect compensation, of a structure or any portion thereof constructed for single family or multifamily occupancy or of any other residential property for an effective term of thirty (30) days or less.

Residential Uses: Means the uses identified in the Zoning District Use Matrix under the Residential category.

Restaurant: A building or facility for the preparation and retail sale of food and beverages.

Retail Sales and Services: Establishments engaged in the retail sale of goods and services, except those uses as otherwise clearly defined herein.

Retail Sales and Services (Community Commercial): Establishments engaged in the retail sale of goods and services. Community Commercial Retail Sales and Service businesses must conduct all sales of goods and services, with all associated storage of goods and materials, within a totally enclosed building (with the exception of occasional outdoor "sidewalk" promotions), with no separate individual building to exceed 3,000 square feet in total gross building and the total gross floor area of all buildings, on any separate, individual lot, does not exceed more than 6,000 square feet of gross building area.

Community Commercial Retail Sales and Services specifically excludes all sales, accessory uses, and service uses that typically display goods or services, or store goods or product in open, unenclosed areas, including but not limited to, automotive, truck, recreational vehicle, trailer, and manufactured home sales lots, repair yards, open storage areas, and all similar outside display and storage areas of goods, materials, equipment, and vehicles.

Retail Sales and Services (Regional): A commercial retail business that occupies more than 80,000 square feet of floor space, is a car or motor vehicle dealer, is a retail shopping facility (shopping center) that has at least one (1) anchor tenants if the total floor area of all tenants is more than 150,000 square feet, or is a grocery store of more than 30,000 square feet.

Revocation: A action by a Land Use Authority that has the effect to terminate any Approval, Permit, or License required by the city's Land Use Ordinances, including this Ordinance.

Right-of-Way: Any area provided for conveying vehicle and pedestrian traffic.

Roof Line: The highest point on any building or structure.

Salvage Yard: The use of any lot, portion of a lot, or land for the storage, keeping or abandonment of junk, including scrap metals or other scrap materials, or for the dismantling, demolition or abandonment of automobiles or other vehicles or machinery and/or the storage and sale of dismantled or damaged vehicles or their parts.

Sanitary Sewer Authority: The department, agency, or public entity with responsibility to review and approve the feasibility of sanitary sewer services or onsite wastewater systems.

Seasonal Use: A Seasonal Use shall not exceed ninety (90) days. Such uses include fireworks stands, fruit or vegetable stands, beverage or snow cone vendors, and Christmas tree lots.

Self-Service Storage: An enclosed commercial storage facility providing independent, fully enclosed bays, which are leased to persons exclusively for storage of their household goods or personal property.

Self-Storage, Mixed Use: A single building containing more than the primary land use of self-storage, or a single development of more than one building and use, where the different types of land uses are in close proximity, planned as a unified complementary whole, and functionally integrated to the use of shared vehicular and pedestrian access and parking areas. A mixed-use self-storage facility is intended to be used for a mix of uses between the primary use of a private noncommercial, non-industrial storage facility and general, professional office, medical or dental offices, retail or residential dwelling units' uses.

Sexual Oriented Business: A business which depicts, portrays, or describes "specified sexual activities" or "specified anatomical areas," or instruments, devices, or paraphernalia which are designated or used in connection with specified sexual activities, including but not limited to adult arcade, adult bookstore, adult novelty store, adult video store, adult cabaret, adult motel, adult motion picture theater, adult theater, or nude or seminude model studio.

Sign: A presentation or representation of words, letters, figures, designs, picture or colors, publicly displayed so as to give notice relative to a person, business, article or merchandise, service, assemblage, solicitation, or a request for aid; also, the structure or framework or a natural object on which any sign is erected or is intended to be erected or exhibited or which is being used or is intended to be used for sign purposes.

Sign, Illegal: Any sign which does not conform to the requirements of this Ordinance and was constructed or installed without the necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses required by this Ordinance, or prior enactments.

Sign, Legal: A sign that conforms to the requirements of this Ordinance and has received all necessary Approvals, Permits, or Licenses, as required by this Ordinance, or prior enactments.

Sign, Noncomplying: A sign or sign structure of portion thereof lawfully existing at the time this Ordinance became effective, but which does not conform to all applicable requirements now provided by this Ordinance.

Sign, Non-maintained: A sign which, due to lack of repair, cleaning, painting, oiling, or changing of light bulbs has become deteriorated, hazardous, or non-functional.

Sign, Off-Premise: Any sign, including a billboard or general outdoor advertising device, that advertises or directs attention to a business, commodity, service, activity, or matter conducted, sold, or offered at a location other than on the lot, parcel, or tract upon which such sign is located.

Sign, On-Premise: A sign that directs attention to a business, commodity, product, use, service or other activity that is sold, offered or conducted on the lot, parcel, or tract upon which such sign is located.

Site Plan: A schematic, scaled drawing of a lot, parcel, or tract which indicates, as may be required by this Ordinance, including but not limited to the placement and location of buildings, setbacks, yards, property lines, adjacent parcels, utilities, topography, waterways, irrigation, drainage, landscaping, parking areas, driveways, trash containers, streets, sidewalks, curbs, gutters, signs, lighting, fences and other features of existing or proposed use, activity, building or structure.

Slope: The level of inclination of land from the horizontal plane determined by dividing the horizontal run or distance, of the land into the vertical rise, or distance, of the same land and converting the resulting figure in a percentage value.

Special District: An entity established under the authority of Title 17A, Special Districts, U.C.A., 1953, as amended.

Specified Public Utility: Means an electrical corporation, gas corporation, or telephone corporation, as those terms are defined in Section 54-2-1, U.C.A., 1953, as amended.

Start of Construction: The issuance date of a Building Permit if construction, repair, reconstruction, placement, or other improvement begins within one hundred eighty (180) days of the Permit date. “Begins” means the date of the commencement of the first development activity on the site.

Story: The space within a building, included between the surface of any floor and the surface of the ceiling next above.

Street: A public right-of-way, including a highway, avenue, boulevard, parkway, road, lane, walk, alley, viaduct, tunnel, bridge, public easement, or other way.

Structural Alterations: Any change in supporting members of a building, such as bearing walls, columns, beams, or girders.

Structure: Anything constructed or erected, the use of which requires location on the ground, or attachment to something having location on the ground.

Subdivision: Means any land that is divided, resubdivided or proposed to be divided into two or more lots, parcels, sites, units, plots, or other division of land for the purpose, whether immediate or future, for offer, sale, lease, or development either on the installment plan or upon any and all other plans, terms, and conditions, and as further defined by LUDMA.

Subdivision Application: The Applications required by the City of [Vineyard Subdivision Ordinance](#) and required to initiate the review procedures for any required subdivision approval.

Substantial Action: Action taken in good faith to diligently pursue any matter necessary to obtain approval of an Application filed pursuant to the provisions of this Ordinance or to exercise development rights authorized pursuant to such an approval.

Swimming Pool: An artificial body of water having a depth in excess of eighteen inches, designed, constructed and used for swimming, dipping or immersion purposes by men, women or children, and located on a same lot or parcel as a dwelling, or dwellings.

Temporary Use: A use or event established for a maximum period of sixty (60) days, such use or event being discontinued after the expiration of sixty (60) days.

Tennis Court/Sports Court: An improved area used for the playing of tennis or other sports activities, including, but not limited to, basketball and volleyball, and located on a same lot or parcel as a dwelling, or dwellings.

Trailer/RV Camping Facilities: Any area or tract of land used or designed to accommodate two (2) or more travel trailers, recreational vehicles, motor homes or camping parties.

Travel Trailer: A vehicular, portable unit, mounted on wheels, not requiring special highway movement permits when drawn by a motorized vehicle:

1. Designed for travel, recreational and vacation use; and
2. When factory equipped for the road, having a body width of not more than eight feet (8') and a body length of not more than forty feet (40').

Unincorporated: Means the area of Utah County, Utah and located outside of the incorporated area of the City of Vineyard, or another municipality.

Use: The specific purpose for which land or a building is designed, arranged, intended, or for which it is or may be occupied or maintained.

USGS: The United States Geological Survey.

Utilities: Include, but are not limited to, natural gas, electric power, cable television, telephone, telecommunication services, storm system, sewer system, irrigation facilities, culinary water, street lights and other services deemed to be of a public-utility nature by the city.

Utility Easement: The area designated for access to construct or maintain utilities on a lot, parcel, or tract of land.

Utility, Public Major Facility: Any overhead or underground electric transmission lines (greater than 115,000 volts), substations of electric utilities; gas regulator stations, transmission and gathering pipelines and storage areas of utilities providing natural gas or petroleum derivatives; and their appurtenant facilities, water treatment plant, sewage treatment plant, or similar public or quasi-public use or activity.

Utility, Public Minor Facility: Any water, sewer power, gas, telephone, cable television, or other utility, distribution line, or facility, which is located underground and buried beneath the surface of the ground.

Variance: A modification granted by the Land Use Hearing Officer to a development standard with a finding of hardship.

Vehicle: A Licensed automobile, truck, trailer, boat or other device in which a person or thing is or can be transported from one (1) place to another.

Vehicle and Equipment Repair (Major): An establishment primarily engaged in the major repair or painting of motor vehicles or heavy equipment, including auto body repairs, installation of major accessories and transmission and engine rebuilding services. Typical uses include major automobile repair garages, farm equipment repair, paint, and body shops.

Vehicle and Equipment Repair (Minor): An establishment providing motor vehicle repair or maintenance services and conducted entirely within completely enclosed buildings, but not including paint and body shops or other activities associated with Vehicle and Equipment Repair (Major). Typical uses include businesses engaged in the following activities: electronic tune-ups, brake repairs (including drum turning), air conditioning repairs, generator and starter repairs, tire repairs, frontend alignments, battery recharging, lubrication, and sales, repair and installation of minor parts and accessories such as tires, batteries, windshield wipers, hoses, windows, etc. Vehicle and Equipment Repair (Minor) may include the retail sale of fuels, lubricants and other supplies for motor vehicles.

Vehicle and Equipment Sale and Rental: A facility providing for the sale, lease, or rental of new or used vehicles, including automobiles, trucks, motorcycles, recreational vehicles, or boats. The cleaning and routine maintenance of motor vehicles is allowed as an accessory use.

Violated or Violating: There exists reasonable cause to believe that an Ordinance, Code, Statute, or Law has been, or is being broken.

Warehouse Club: A retail business requiring patron membership, and selling packaged and bulk foods and general merchandise characterized by high volume and a restricted line of popular merchandise in a no-frills environment. Examples include, but are not limited to Wholesale Club, Costco, and Sam's Club.

Wholesale Distribution: A business that maintains an inventory of materials, supplies and goods related to one or more industries and sells bulk quantities of such materials, supplies and goods from its inventory to retail companies within the industry and which may include the parking and storage of distribution vehicles, and accessory activities.

Wireless Telecommunication Facility: A facility used for the transmission or reception of electromagnetic or electro-optic information, including wireless telecommunications facilities such as “cellular” or “PCS” (Personal Communications Systems) – communication and paging systems. This use is not required to be located on a separate lot or to comply with the minimum lot size requirement for the District in which it is located but is required to meet the design and locational requirements, as established for such uses, as provided by this Ordinance. Telecommunications Site/Facility does not include radio antennas complying with the ruling of the Federal Communications Commission in “Amateur Radio Preemption, 101 FCC 2nd 952 (1985)” or a regulation related to amateur radio service adopted under 47 C.F.R. Part 97.

Yard: An open space on a lot, parcel or tract of land, unoccupied and unobstructed from the ground upward by buildings, except as otherwise provided herein.

Yard, Front: An open space on the same lot with a building between the front line of the building and the front lot line and extending across the full width of the lot. The "depth" of the front yard is the minimum distance between the front lot line and the front line of the building.

Yard, Rear: An open, unoccupied space on the same lot as a building, between the rear line of the building and the rear lot line and extending the full width of the lot except, on corner lots, the rear yard shall not include the side yard bordering the street.

Yard, Side: An open, unoccupied space on the same lot as a building, between the rear line of the building and the front line of the building and extending from the side line of the building to the side lot line; except, on corner lots, the side yard bordering the street shall extend to the rear from the front line of the building to the rear lot line, the same distance as is required for side yard setbacks on corner lots in each zone.

Zoning District: An area of the city that has been given a designation which regulates the construction, reconstruction, alteration, repair, or use of buildings or structures, or the use of land as set forth in this Ordinance.

Zoning Districts Map: The map, adopted as part of a Land Use Ordinance, including this Ordinance that depicts and identifies the geographic location of the Zoning Districts provided by this Ordinance.

Zoning Ordinance: This Ordinance, and any amendments thereto as may be amended from time to time. This Ordinance is determined and identified to be a Land Use Ordinance of the City of Vineyard, Utah.

SECTION 7: REPEALER CLAUSE All ordinances or resolutions or parts thereof, which are in conflict herewith, are hereby repealed.

SECTION 8: SEVERABILITY CLAUSE Should any part or provision of this Ordinance be declared by the courts to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision shall not affect the validity of the Ordinances a whole or any part thereof other than the part so declared to be unconstitutional or invalid.

SECTION 9: EFFECTIVE DATE This Ordinance shall be in full force and effect from August 30, 2023 and after the required approval and publication according to law.

PASSED AND ADOPTED BY THE VINEYARD COUNCIL

_____.

	AYE	NAY	ABSENT	ABSTAIN
Mayor Julie Fullmer	_____	_____	_____	_____
Tyce Flake	_____	_____	_____	_____
Amber Rasmussen	_____	_____	_____	_____
Mardi Sifuentes	_____	_____	_____	_____
Cristy Welsh	_____	_____	_____	_____

Presiding Officer

Attest

Julie Fullmer, Mayor, Vineyard

Pamela Spencer, City Recorder,
Vineyard



VINEYARD CITY COUNCIL STAFF REPORT

Meeting Date: August 30, 2023
Agenda Item: 9.3 Water Tank Mural
Department: Admin
Presenter: Anna Nelson

Background/Discussion:

The ARCH Commission voted on a recommendation regarding the art for the water tank mural. The ARCH Commission was informed by the Planning Department about the background and location of the mural. Noting that it will be the largest mural in Utah.

Prior to the vote, a discussion took place with the artist, Aljay Fuimaono. The ARCH Commission reviewed many elements of Vineyard and voted based on the background of Vineyard.

Fiscal Impact:

The artwork has no additional Fiscal Impact outside the already approved contract for the mural.

Recommendation:

The ARCH Commission's recommended Artwork will be presented to the City Council

Sample Motion:

I move to approve the (artwork title) for the water tank mural as presented